Bellefonte Republican.

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VOL. XXXI | BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 13, 1900. | NO. 34

THE HURRICANE'S WORK.

Henry Baum Fatally Injured at Silk Mill Saturday Morning.

TWO THOUSAND LIVES LOST

The West India Storm Has Wrecked Dwellings, Killed Men and Women and Children and Cut Off Communication.

HOPE FOR PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT

HAZELTON, Pa., September 10.—The action of the national executive board of United Mine Workers in session at Indianapolis in declining to declare a strike involving the miners of the entire anthracite coal field until further efforts at conciliation have been made, is taken among the mine workers here as an indication of level-headedness on the part of the leaders, and they are now confident that the way is open for bringing about a settlement through arbitration, although only a few of the many operators who would be effected by a strike have agreed thus far to that proposition. The operators, on the other hand, regard the postponement of the strike as meaning that the leaders do not yet consider the anthracite field strongly enough organized to force them to grant the demands made by the recent Hazelton convention and unless a great change has occurred in their attitude they will not arbitrate or make any concessions, regardless of the decision of the national board to hold off and give more time for adjustment of the trouble. Patrick Duffy, John Fahey, and T. D. Nicholls, composing the executive board of the United Mine Workers of the anthracite field, did nothing Sunday and at night all left for their homes. This is taken to indicate that all efforts for a settlement on the part of the board have been given up unless the operators agree within the next twenty-four hours to a proposition for submitting the miners' grievances to arbitration. The decision of the national board to defer the declaration of the threatened strike has caused both relief and anxiety in the Hazelton district.

The news from Indianapolis last night had the effect of creating a feeling of relief, but among the business interests which have been considerably disturbed and partially paralyzed during the last week on account of the fear of a strike there still exists a suspense which will not be removed until decisive action has taken either one way or the other.

The posting of notices at the various collieries on Saturday afternoon to the effect that all hands should report Monday for work, strike or no strike, which was regarded as a determination on the part of operators to test the strength of the United Mine Workers in the event of the declaration of one, was not necessary in the light of developments. All the collieries are subjected to work on full time during September, and as President Mitchell has notified the miners not to quit until ordered to do so, every colliery in the region will be in full operation today. Coal dealers who made a great rush all day Sunday to supply their trade, but who found it utterly impossible to fill their orders, feel probably more relieved because of the unexpected turn of events than any other class, and until a strike is declared they will be supplied with all the coal they can handle. The mine workers' organizers stationed here were busy Saturday afternoon addressing meetings where locals have been established and in organizing new ones, so as to be fully prepared for carrying out a strike order providing word to that effect is received within the next few days from Indianapolis. Meetings were held at Harleigh, Sandy Run, Highland, Beaver Brook, Beaver Meadow and Coleraiu. Father Phillips, speaking yesterday afternoon of the action of the national board Saturday at Indianapolis, said:

"I am pleased beyond measure with the outcome. My purpose as a Christian worker, as well as the purpose of the district officers of the United Mine Workers, was to bring about a stay or adjournment of drastic measures that all parties directly interested could come to a perfect understanding and give the great arbiter—public opinion—time to properly weigh and digest the issue. My duty as a Christian worker demands this in behalf of society, and that accomplished my efforts cease. I congratulate President Mitchell and his confrers of the executive board, in session at Indianapolis, for having given this supreme evidence of their desire to avoid a conflict of labor with capital unless accompanied with honor. In my opinion arbitration is not only possible but necessary in the interests of the public, which includes both employer and employes."

It was expected that the district presidents would remain here until to-day and endeavor to prevail on the operators to agree to make some concessions, but as the board has left, all possibility of a settlement has vanished and a strike seems to be the only outcome unless the national board at Indianapolis changes the programme today.

It is reported that a strike will be ordered Tuesday night. All eyes are now turned toward the west.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.

ALTOONA, Sept. 10.—Henry Baum, a 15 year old boy, met a horrible death at the Altoona silk mill at 7:15 o'clock Saturday morning. He was employed as an elevator boy and was engaged in oiling the wire cable at the top of the shaft when the accident occurred. In some manner he was drawn under the cable and crushed to death on the drum on which it winds.

Coroner McCartney empanelled a jury which rendered a verdict of accidental death.

The unfortunate boy had been employed at the mill 4 months, running an elevator. Shortly after going to work Saturday morning he began oiling the wire cable connected with the elevator. Probably thinking the work could be easier done on the top shaft where the cable winds around a drum, he went up and began the work. While engaged Louis Dumm, a 15-year-old boy, operated the elevator. In some manner Baum's left hand was caught under the cable while the elevator was in motion. His body was drawn in between the cable and the drum and crushed to death. He called to Dumm to stop the elevator, but the boy being near the first floor did not hear him cry. John Henson, another boy who was at work on an upper floor, heard the cries and hurried to the shaft. Before the elevator could be stopped he was carried around the drum several times and finally a coil crossed his neck and strangled him. The elevator was stopped as soon as possible, but too late to save the lad's life, by David Holland, an employe of the mill. The cable was unwound from the drum and the body removed. Coroner McCartney viewed the remains after which they were removed to the rooms of undertaker Stevens. A jury was empanelled by the coroner and an inquest held at the undertaking rooms at 6 o'clock. The jury was composed of Capt. Jno. Dowling, Clinton Burkhart, Jos. Stevens, Wm. Raffensberger and —— Shellenberger. After hearing the testimony of David Holland, Arthur Cowan and others, which showed that the boy was out of his place of duty, the jury rendered a verdict of accidental death, no blame being attached to anyone.

TERRIBLE LOSS OF LIFE.

HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 10.—The City of Galveston has been overwhelmed by the waters of the Gulf of Mexico, driven before a furious hurricane. The lowest estimate of the loss of life is 1,000; the highest 2,500. But, like the Johnstown flood, the horror may grow greater every day. The bay is strewn with wreckage of vessels bottom side up, mingled with hundreds of carcasses of horses and mules and the bodies of human beings.

No attempt has been made to conjecture the property loss. At least 4,000 houses have been entirely destroyed.

Communication is interrupted, and the bridges, which afford the only access to the shore, are either submerged or entirely destroyed. Although somewhat less violent, the storm prevents all attempts to reach the unfortunate city. No boat could successfully ride the mountainous seas nor combat the gale which has strewn the coast of the mainland with ghastly proofs of its strength.

SIMCOXES MURDERED.

Methodist Missionaries, Who Lived in Clearfield, Brutally Butchered.

Details of the horrible massacre of the American missionaries at Pao Ting Fu, China, have reached Shanghai. The dead include Dr. and Mrs. C. B. Hodge, of Philadelphia, and the Rev. Frank Simcox, wife and three children, of Oil City. Mrs. Simcox died a heroine. She was cut down while standing, gun in hand, firing at the Chinese murderers over her dead husband's body. Her three children were run through by Chinese bayonets before her eyes. Troops have left Pekin to avenge the murders.

Rev. and Mrs. Simcox were formerly residents of Clearfield and were quite well known throughout Central Penna. They were supported as missionaries in China by the Methodist congregation of Clearfield.

—On Saturday Rush Larrimer took possession of the Cox livery stable as manager.

DEAD NUMBER 3,000.

In Addition Five Thousand Families Are Reported Destitute.

A MESSAGE FROM MAYOR JONES

And Five of the Most Prominent Citizens of Galveston Gives this Conservative Estimate of the Loss of Life There.

PROPERTY DESTRUCTION IS GREAT

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 12—Authentic information from the stormswept city of Galveston reached the Memphis office of the Associated Press shortly after 9 o'clock last night. The intelligence came in the shape of a telegram addressed to the Associated Press from Mayor Jones and five of the most prominent citizens of Galveston. The telegram bears date of Sept. 11 and states that a conservative estimate of the loss of life in Galveston is that it is not over 3,000. Five thousand families are destitute and the destruction to property is great.

AUSTIN, Tex., Sept., 12.—Official reports from Galveston to Governor Sayers yesterday are that 400 bodies have been identified, 200 more are in an improvised morgue awaiting identification and many more are thought to have drifted out to sea and their identity will not be known for weeks.

A telegram from Adjutant General Scurry, who is at Galveston, to the governor is as follows:

"Have just returned from Texas City with several Galveston parties, who assure me that conditions there beggar description. Accounts have not been exagerated. One thousand lost is too conservative. While a portion of the provisions have been destroyed by water, sufficient is left to relieve urgent necessities. The citizens seem to have the situation well in hand. United States troops and company C, volunteer guard, with citizens, patrol the streets to prevent looting.

"I requested W. B. Wortham to go to Galveston from Texas City for the purpose of advising me of the city's most urgent needs, and I returned here to report and ask for further instructions. I respectfully suggest that the distress is too great for the people of Galveston, even with the assistance of Houston, to stand, and that a general appeal for help would be welcomed. The estimate of 10,000 destitute does not seem to be excessive.

It is estimated by the telegraph companies at this point that upwards of 10,000 private messages have been handled out of Galveston by boat to Houston, thence to relatives and friends of Galveston people, notifying them of their safety, and so great has been the strain of business that all telegraph companies have been using their full forces all the twenty four hours without relieving the rush. Hundreds of messages poured in here Tuesday bringing relief to some and sad news to others, recording the safety or death of relatives in Galveston.

From reports reaching the governor yesterday it will be necessary to co-operate with the federal troops to place all the mainland opposite Galveston, as well as the island under martial law.

If reports reaching here are true, thieves have begun to enter the city for the purpose of pilfering the bodies of the dead. The governor has been informed that the commander of the Texas troops has been ordered to Galveston by the federal authorities and the governor will lend his assistance with state troops to keep down vandalism.

Improvements at Bucknell.

Lewisburg, Sept. 12.—When the students return to Bucknell university they will find many improvements. West college, the handsome new dormitory will be ready for use at the opening of the fall term, Sept. 20. The main college building has been renovated; a new recitation room has been put in the laboratory, and a large study hall, with the latest improved school furniture; has been put in the academy. Work has also been started on the new central steam heating plant.

The football team, under Coach G. W. Hoskins, will report for preliminary practice Sept. 13.

Epworth League Rally.

Judging from the attention paid to the speakers at the Epworth League Rally at Spring Mills last Thursday, the people went home with new and stronger impulses to work for the Master. It was a time of soul-feasting to all who heard the heart-felt and eloquent talks given during the day. May we all follow the advice given in those talks and bring our league to a higher standard. A rally will be held annually on the last Wednesday in August; Centre Hall being the place chosen for 1901.

Comments on Hatfield Wreck Disaster.

There is always two sides to a question, we have often heard and read. Whether this is absolutely, and always true or not, it seems to be in many cases. We have often noticed in print, great praise accorded to American soldiers, because, they are not mere automatic machines; like the soldiers of European countries, that when they come up against a situation, which their orders do not seem to properly cover, they act promptly upon their own judgment, and secure the plaudits of the admiring lookers on. There was a great measure of this kind of independence, among the employees of the Reading R R. Orders were ruthlessly disregarded, a flag placed upon the track, as a caution signal, was noticed by the engineer and sign made to remove it, but the train did not slow up. Telegraph operators took their own time to report trains, station agents were slow about the signals and there seems to have been, a general spirit of independence and slack discipline, which was permitted by the officials, and must have been permitted by them for a long time. The result was a rear-end collision, and fourteen persons killed. This leads us to the conclusion, that however, this sort of independence may suit for a soldier in the far off Philippines, it does not work with rail road employees in Pennsylvania.

The Philadelphia *Press* in speaking upon this subject says:

When a naval officer was detailed to command the Saratoga on the opening of the Pennsylvania Nautical School he declared, after a month's experience, that not a boy who had entered the school had apparently ever before obeyed an order in his life.

The terrible disaster on the Reading last week, as the inquest unwound the facts and causes, proved to be due to a slack habit of not obeying sharply and automatically the orders and rules of the road, and, what was worse, a habit all around of letting men take time to obey instructions and risking much by breaking, stretching or evading rules.

American life is full of this slack habit. Every business man knows that it is almost impossible to get a boy who will do what he is told. This Fall, as a great host of boys and girls begin their first wage earning work, they will repeat the experience on the deck of the Saratoga. Their employers will discover that neither boy nor girl has ever learned what prompt obedience to an order means.

Our whole social system is seamed with this. Laws are broken. Regulations are disregarded. Public notices are set at naught. Rules are everywhere violated. All through, discipline and obedience are lacking, and where one disaster piles up its dead and wounded from this cause, thousands of lives are injured, embittered and ruined by countless smashes and collisions, due simply to the American failure to obey orders strictly and to follow rules without challenge or question.

Engines Crashed Together.

While dashing along at a high rate of speed two freight engines on the Fall Brook district of the New York Central railroad, crashed together at Torbert's, a small station a few miles from Jersey Shore, at an early hour Sunday morning. both locomotives were wrecked and several cars were demolished. The engine crews escaped by jumping. Fireman Belcher was hurled against a barb wire fence nearly fifty feet distant and received probably fatal internal injuries.

Big Tannery Destroyed.

Lewistown, Pa., Sept. 11.—the North American Tannery, owned by Calvin Green, caught fire last evening. and the flames gained headway so rapidly that the fire-fighting force of the Pennsylvania railroad yard had to be called in to assist in subduing the conflagation. The tannery was entirely destroyed entailing a loss of $75,000. Four firemen succumbed to the entense heat and were taken to their homes in an unconscious condition.

Smothered Under Hides.

At Ralston, Lycoming county, Saturday, John Schimmelfling was passing one of the huge stacks of hides at the tannery, when the pile toppled over. He was buried underneath, and died a lingering death, he being unable to move or make himself heard. His body was found that evening.

—Wm. Bullock, a negro who was placed three times on trial for the murder of a chief of police at Freehold, N. J., and who was waiting for a fourth trial, escaped from the Monmouth county jail Friday by tunneling through the concrete floor of his cell to an areaway underneath, while his confederates from the outside managed to make a hole through the wall of the jail through which he reached the street.

SWEET WEDDING BELLS,

Peal Forth Merrily for Miss Annie Irene Hensyl and Dr. W. J. Kurtz,

AT BRIDE'S HOME AT HOWARD.

The Bride is the Daughter of the Late Dr. L. R. Hensyl and the Groom is a Leading Physician of the County—Many Guests in Attendance.

A MOST BRILLIANT SOCIAL EVENT.

At six o'clock Wednesday evening one of the most brilliant events in the history of social life took place at the home of Mrs. Sarah E. Hensyl, at Howard. It was the marriage of Dr. Walter J. Kurtz, now of Howard, but formerly of Williamsport, to Miss Annie Irene Hensyl, youngest daughter of the late Dr. L. R. Hensyl, of Howard.

Long before the appointed hour the spacious parlors were filled with the invited guests, the parlors were very beautifully and [illegible] decorated with palms, [illegible] and carnations. The bri[illegible] slowly approached the bay-window to the sweet strains of Lohengrin very beautifully rendered by Miss Maude Hopkins, who was escorted to the piano by Roger T. Bayard, of Bellefonte. A path was formed of white ribbon by Messrs. Logan McKinney and Chester A. Moore through which the bridal party marched in the following order. Ushers, Sylvester Bixler, of Lock Haven, and William C. Hensyl, of Howard, brother of the bride. Bridesmaids, Miss Mary Kurtz, of Williamsport, sister of the groom and Miss Fay Heim, of Sunbury, followed by a veritable little fairy—Maude Thomas, flower girl and ring-bearer, after which came Dr. Albert Lamada, of Philadelphia, best man and Miss Louise Hensyl, sister of the bride; maid-of honor. A hush fell upon the expectant guests as leaning upon the arm of the groom came the bride followed by the page, George S. Hensyl. The bridal party slowly advanced to the bay-window where Rev. J. N. Bair, of the United Evangelical church, pronounced Dr. Kurtz and Miss Hensyl, man and wife, the ring service being used. The groom, best man, ushers, and ribbon boys were attired in the conventional black suits, the bride was superbly dressed in cream silk, trimmed in lace and ribbon carrying a magnificent bouquet of pink roses, and maiden hair fern, the maid-of-honor and flower girl were gowned in a delicate blue, the bridesmaids in white silk, carrying exquisite bouquets of pink and white carnations.

Immediately after the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the dining room where the table beautifully decorated and filled with a sumptuous repast composed of all the delicacies of the season awaited them and the guests were served with the most elegant refreshments that could be procured.

The bridal gifts were very numerous and costly, consisting of cut-glass, silver, china, linen, drapery, furniture, bric-a-brack and beautiful paintings.

The groom, Dr. Kurtz has been practicing his profession for one and a half years, part of his time being spent in Williamsport his native place, for the last eight months he has been located in Howard, where his genial ways and pleasant manners have won for him many friends and his skill has given him a foremost place among the physicians of Centre county. The bride is a beautiful and accomplished young lady, a fine musician and known among all her friends as a bright and attractive companion, also actively engaged in working for her church. Dr. Kurtz is to be congratulated upon his choice of so popular and accomplished a young lady for his helpmate through life.

—A disease which is a puzzler for the local veterinarians is fast destroying the valuable stock on the Meadow Valley Stock Farm, which is one of the largest stock farms in Adams county, and which is situated about four miles from Gettysburg. Within the past two days five valuable horses and a pet pony have succumbed, Three more horses are dying and six are down with the unknown trouble. Gov. Stone has ordered an expert veterinarian from Philadelphia, to go to Gettysburg at once and try to discover the cause of the trouble.

—The Academy of Music at Tyrone recently purchased by Col. Pruner and others, and which has been remodeled and improved, was opened for the season Monday night with William A. Brady's "Way Down East." The house is under the management of Al. S. Garman.

GOVERNOR'S PROCLAMATION.

Aid Asked for Stricken Texas -After Johnstown Flood Texas Was Willing and Anxious to Aid Us.

Governor Stone late Tuesday afternoon issued a proclamation calling on the citizens of the state to come to the aid of the suffering of Galveston and other wrecked cities of Texas. He calls attention to the fact that Texas was ready and willing to do when the great Johnstown flood left thousands of others homeless and hungry.

His proclamation is as follows:

To the Citizens of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:

An awful calamity has visited Galveston and surrounding points in Texas, rendering homeless and destitute thousands of people, destroying hundreds of lives and entailing untold loss of property.

The citizens of Pennsylvania, always ready to respond to calls for aid in time of extremity and gratefully remembering the generous and prompt action of Texas and other states when death and disaster visited our own commonwealth are now urged to respond promptly and generously to the call for succor which comes from Texas.

Contributions of cash may be sent to Drexel & Co., Philadelphia; provisions or clothing may be sent to Theodore C. Knaus, the Bourse, Philadelphia, who will promptly transmit the same to the authorities of Galveston. The Pennsylvania railroad company has notified me that it will transport over their lines all contributions free of charge.

WILLIAM A. STONE,
Governor of Pennsylvania.

A Great Race.

Nothing in the line of sports has ever equaled the ocean race that finished Monday morning between the big steamers, the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse and the Deutschland. Over a course of more than 3,000 miles, day and night for the big end of the week, the two monsters put forth their best efforts, steaming along at a rate of nearly 600 miles a day.

At 9 o'clock Monday morning the Deutschland was at her wharf at Cherbourg, and the Kaiser Wilhelm reached her slip at 11:20. In the race across the sea the Deutschland led most of the distance. It is no wonder that when the two ships were side by side, the Deutschland pulling away from her rival inch by inch, the passengers forgot to eat. It is a pity that such a test of power can be witnessed by only a few people at a time. The enormous size of the contestants makes it impossible for them to enter upon a race anywhere except upon the open sea, and the spectators are confined to the fortunate passengers upon the decks.

But it takes money to run a race like that. Each ship burned up nearly 600 tons of coal daily, a pretty fair train load, and an army of men were kept busy feeding the boilers However, as commerce pays the bills, the race was inexpensive. Otherwise such royal sport could rarely be witnessed.

—Several cases of alleged violation of the pure food laws by butter dealers in Cambria county were tried in the courts of that county last week and in all of them a verdict of guilty was found save the last one tried Saturday, in which the Keystone Butter company, of Johnstown, was the defendant. In this case the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty and directed that Pure Food Inspector Foust, who made the information and was the prosecutor, pay the costs. The verdict was a surprise to everybody, including the district attorney, who was angry over the outcome of the suit. Those present say that it was clearly proven the tub from which the sample had been taken was filled with oleomargarine and that the analysis of the sample by the state chemist had shown it to be such.

—Wednesday morning about 7 o'clock the fire alarm sounded for the South Ward. The fire companies turned out but their services were not needed as the only thing on fire was a flue at the residence of Henry Vitilini, on South Spring street.

—Complaint has come to this office in regard to the boys stealing grapes and other fruit on Linn street. The boys who are committing these depredations are known and unless they cease they will be put under arrest and prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

—Miss Helen Gould Tuesday notified the army officials in New York that she would send, at her expense, 50,000 rations to distressed families in Galveston and the hurricane-swept district.

—Dr. Jacob M. Da Costa, the distinguished physician, died suddenly of heart disease, at his summer residence, Villanova. He was 67 years old.

Additional Locals.

—Beware of the man whose dog doesn't follow him.

—It is hard, very hard, to get up a romance about a man who eats with his knife.

—If a newspaper repeated itself as often as some men say history does, it would be called a back number.

Over 150 foreigners have just sworn allegiance to this country at the naturalization court in Clearfield.

—If the truth were known about everybody in this world there would be a great many startling surprises.

—Americans visiting the Paris exposition have been swindled by the French in every imaginable manner.

—Men who don't know enough to run a one-horse plow can tell you just how this government ought to be run.

—You can't tell by appearances how much a man is worth. Some of the most gorgeous flowers haven't got a scent.

—Merchants who cash checks for slick-tongued strangers have no right to poke fun at the purchasers of gold bricks.

—The fifth annual reunion of the Boob-Hosterman families will be held in the Woodward narrows on Saturday, Sept. 15th.

—Williamsport's new Board of Trade has been organized with 481 members. Senator J. Henry Cochran was elected president.

—Mrs. Annie S. Riddle, of Pleasant Gap, widow of the late Mathew F. Riddle, has been granted a pension of $8.00 per month.

—"Give us office, or the country will go to the dogs," has ever been the cry of the politician, and is likely to be the end o the chapter.

—The United Evangelical church at Rote, east end of Nittany Valley, after extensive repairs was rededicated on Sunday Sept. 9th.

—Joseph, the 7 weeks old son of Mr. and Mrs. Munroe Walter, of Pleasant Gap, died Friday morning at the parents home in that place of cholera infantum. Funeral occurred on Saturday.

—A combined British and American squadron of warships made a successful attack upon Bar Harbor, and during their stay no man without brass buttons was allowed to carry on a flirtation.

—It is the intention of the Pennsylvania railroad to extend the pension system of retiring aged employes to the lines west of Pittsburg within the next two years. The exact date has not been decided for the beginning of the change.

—Miss Elizabeth Schofield, who has been visiting friends in Philipsburg, Altoona and Philadelphia, has returned home and has resumed her duties in the Bell telephone exchange where she is recognized as one of the most efficient and obliging operators in the force.

—The postoffice department has under consideration a plan whereby the name of the postoffice shall be placed on stamps where sold. The idea is to provide meane of identification when stamps are stolen from a postoffice or to prevent the boycotting in some of the smaller towns of the country.

—Beech Creek citizens are doing all in their power to have a new brick works located in that place. They have raised over $1,000 in money. The company ask that they be given a site of about eighty acres, to be relieved of taxation, and to have the right of way for a tram road about six miles in length. These inducements will be given by the citizens.

—Lightning played a series of remarkable pranks during a storm Monday afternoon in the vicinity of Glasgow, Cambria county. A bolt struck a corner post of a barbed-wire fence near the farm residence of Wm. C. Hollen, running along the wires. Near the fence stands a chestnut tree about five inches in diameter which is used as a clothe line post. After the storm Mr. Hollen found the rope severed and a portion driven through the tree. A cow which was standing near was killed. A calf was standing some distance from the cow and its tail was cut off as though done with a knife.

—The seventeenth anniversary of the Centre Baptist Association, held a few days since at Port Matilda, Centre County, was well attended by representatives of the thirty churches embraced in the body, lying in Cambria, Blair, Centre, Huntingdon, Bedford and Mifflin counties. The reports of the various committees showed a most encouraging condition of this religious body in this district and the convention throughout was unusually interesting. Reports showed a net gain in membership of 229. Not since 1894 have there been so many baptisms. Hollidaysburg was selected as the place of the next meeting in 1901.

Endured Death's Agonies.

Only a roaring fire enabled J. M. Garrettson, of San Antonio, Tex., to lie down when attacked by Asthma, from which he suffered for years. He writes his misery was often so great that it seemed he endured the agonies of death; but Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption wholly cured him. This marvelous medicine is the only known cure for Asthma as well as Consumption, Coughs, and Colds, and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. Price 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed. Trial bottles free at F. Potts Green's drug store.

ODELL FOR GOVERNOR.

Republican Convention of the Empire State Concludes Its Labors.

FRANK BLACK NOMINATES MR. ODELL

Chauncey M. Depew Names Lieutenant Governor Woodruff—Other Candidates Chosen by Ballot of Secretary.

PLATFORM OF PRINCIPLES ADOPTED

SARATOGA, N. Y. Sept. 6.—The state republican convention in session here yesterday nominated the following ticket:

For governor, B. B. Odell Jr., of Orange; Lieut. Gov. Timothy L. Woodruff, of Kings; secretary of state, Jno. T. McDonough, of Albany, comptroller, Wm. J. Morgan, of Erie; state treasurer, Jno. P. Jaeckel, of Cayuga; attorney general, Jno. C. Davis, of Oneida; state engineer, Edward A. Bond, of Jefferson.

Perhaps the most interesting feature of the convention was the fact that the speech nominating Benj. B. Odell for governor was made by former Gov. Frank S. Black, who had been outside the organization breastworks since Theodore Roosevelt defeated him 2 years ago when he desired a renomination. For a long time Mr. Black and his close friends, Abraham Gruber and former District Attorney W. M. K. Olcott, of New York, were very bitter, and at the party primaries a week or so ago Mr. Gruber was obliged to fight to maintain his leadership of the 21st assembly district, New York city, against an opponent who was believed to have Senator Platt's sympathy. Mr. Gruber won, and [illegible] efforts have been made by friends of both sides to bring about a reconciliation between the former governor and his friends and Senator Platt, with the result that Mr. Black to-day made the principal nominating speech, in the course of which he said:

"The issues now before the American people were discussed and settled 4 years ago. There is not a new one here. The ghost of anti-imperialism which stalks to and fro between Lincoln, Neb., and Bloomington, Ill., with occasional manifestations, is not and cannot be made an issue. This country is and has always been committed to the policy of growth, and it cannot be swerved from that policy by new scarecrows erected along the way. In that policy are involved the causes of civilization and American progress, and the republican party stands for both.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew presented the name of Timothy L. Woodruff for lieutenant governor. He opened with a statement of the importance of New York's interest in national affairs and said that owing to the extent of these interests no campaign in this state could be considered a local one. The Spanish war was reviewed by the speaker and an arraignment of the democratic party followed.

Mr. Odell, for governor, and Mr. Woodruff, for lieutenant governor, received the unanimous vote of the convention on the first roll call. The ticket was then completed as above by the secretary being instructed to cast the ballot of the convention for the renomination of the present secretary of state, comptroller, treasurer, attorney general and state engineer. This concluded the convention's work and a committee was appointed to ask Gov. Roosevelt to address the gathering. The nominee for vice president responded and was given an ovation as he mounted the platform.

Mr. Roosevelt, in opening, congratulated the convention on the men nominated and referred to the fact that the republican party had been in power for 6 years in this state. The republicans had always kept their pledges, he said, and the party felt that it had the right to challenge the support of all men who desire the government to be administered with cleanliness and efficiency.

At the close of Gov. Roosevelt's speech the convention adjourned sine die.

Sentence Suspended.

Harvey B. Kleckner, of Sugar Valley, made a plea of nolo contendere in the United States district court at Williamsport Tuesday, when brought before Judge Buffington on the charge of sending obscene matter through the mail. The court, after consideration, supended sentence and ordered the defendant to pay the costs.

—Harry Badger, who is in the employ of W. T. Twitmire, met with a painful accident while at work in Mr. Twitmire's store Thursday morning. In attempting to handle a box weighing, with contents, not more than twenty-five pounds, he sustained a wrench of the left side which resulted in dislocating a short rib. The accident will confine Mr. Badger to his home for a short time.

—The recent discovery of gold ore on the farm of Simon Shives, near Bloomsburg, which analysis shows to be worth $14.43 per ton, has been eclipsed by a recent discovery. An assay of another ore taken from the same ledge shows 62.45 ounces of silver to the ton, making the ore worth $32.47 per ton. Preparations for placing it on the market are soon to be made.

How To Gain Flesh

Persons have been known to gain a ***pound a day*** by taking an ounce of SCOTT'S EMULSION. It is strange, but it often happens.

Somehow the ounce produces the pound; it seems to start the digestive machinery going properly, so that the patient is able to digest and absorb his ordinary food, which he could not do before, and that is the way the gain is made.

A certain amount of flesh is necessary for health; if you have not got it you can get it by taking

Scott's Emulsion

You will find it just as useful in summer as in winter, and if you are thriving upon it don't stop because the weather is warm.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

WELCOMED HOME.

Rev. T. Levan Bickle Receives a Hearty Reception on His Return from Foreign Lands.

After two months spent in wandering in foreign lands and among strange people, Rev. Thomas Levan Bickel, pastor of the Reformed church of Bellefonte, is again at home with the members of his congregation and his friends and neighbors who respect and admire him. The reverend gentleman arrived home from his European tour Thursday afternoon reaching here on the 4:44 train. He was taken in charge of by Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Bower and and driven to their home on East Linn street where he was entertained at supper.

His congregation and many friends in Bellefonte had not forgotten him and while he was speeding home they were preparing to receive him in royal style at the parsonage. The affair was kept a secret from Rev. Bickle and was a complete surprise to him, he not knowing a thing of it until he turned the corner at the Reformed church on his way home from Mr. Bower's residence. The sight that met his gaze must have indeed surprised him. The lawn was beautifully lighted with Japanese lanterns and one hundred and fifty of his friends and neighbors were gathered there to greet him. The interior of the parsonage was also decorated the dining room especially, where beautiful vases filled with chrysanthemums adorned the table. All the pastors in town were present except two who were unavoidably detained away.

All present paid their respects to Rev. Bickle and then *Rev.* W. P. Shriner, pastor of the Methodist church, in an eloquent and appropriate manner, voiced the sentiments of the pastor's many friends, in extending, to Rev. Bickle, a hearty and sincere welcome back to Bellefonte.

Rev. Bickle was deeply touched by the earnestness of his greeting and in a few words expressed his joy at being able to be again with the friends whom he so dearly loved. He thanked them for their hearty welcome and said that this event would never fade from his memory.

At the close of the speaking light refreshments were served and a pleasant social hour was spent.

Rev. Bickle's trip greatly benefitted his health and he returns with renewed energy ready to take his full share of the work in the Master's Vineyard.

Lutheran Missionary Convention.

The twenty-first convention of the Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the Central Pennsylvania Lutheran Synod, will be held in Mifflinburg, September 24 to 26. Among others who are on the program from this county are Rev. Chas. T. Aikens, Pine Grove Mills; Mrs. Mary Dale, Bellefonte; Mrs. Diehl, wife of Rev. W. K. Diehl, Nittany; Mrs. J. T. Garthoff, Coburn; Miss Emma Wolf, Centre Hall; Mrs. Aikens, wife of Rev. C. T. Aikens; Pine Grove Mills; Mrs. Julia Dieninger, Millheim; Mrs. G. W. Leisher, Boalsburg; Mrs. Blanche Smull, Rebersburg; Mrs. Cora Stover, Millheim; Mrs. W. P. Kuhn, Bellefonte.

Christian Endeavors at Millheim.

The ninth annual convention of the Keystone League of Christian Endeavor of the Central Penna., District of the United Evangelical church, will meet in Millheim on September 11th to 14th. About one hundred delegates are expected to attend, among them Bishop Dubbs and other prominent men in the church.

Editor's Awful Plight.

F. M. Higgins, editor Seneca (Ills.) News, was afflicted for years with piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world. He writes, two boxes wholly cured him. Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by F. Potts Green, druggist.

THEY. P. S. C. E. CONVENTION.

The Sessions Are Largely Attended and Prove Very Interesting.

The Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, of Centre county continued its county convention in the Presbyterian chapel Wednesday evening and Thursday. The sessions were largely attended and the greatest interest was manifested in the proceedings.

Wednesday nights meeting opened at 7:30 with an interesting praise service conducted by Miss Emma Aiken, of Bellefonte. Prayers were offered by William Thomas, of Milesburg, Rev. Elmer Williams, of Port Matilda; and Rev. J. F. Scott, of Bellefonte. The President of the county organization, J. A. Pratt, of Unionville, then took charge of the meeting. After the appointment of committees the 145th Psalm was read. Two addresses were delivered during the evening, Rev. W. H. Scuyler, of Centre Hall, spoke on the subject: "Why the church should welcome the Christian Endeavor Movement." Gen. James A. Beaver was then introduced and spoke on the subject: "What is your aim, Endeavor?"

Thursday's proceedings began by an early sunrise prayer meeting conducted by Rev. Elmer Williams. He took for his subject "The Priestly Power of Believers."

At 9:00 o'clock the "Quiet Hour Service" took place conducted by Rev. L. T. Scott, of Bellefonte. The principal addresses of the morning were as follows: "The kind of an Endeavor the Pastor Likes" Rev. G. W. Leisher, of Boalsburg, the convention sermon delivered by Rev. D. H. Campbell, D. D., of Mt. Union; "The Joy of Giving" by Rev. Charles Walker, of Bellwood.

From 11:15 until 12 the committee conferences were held. The committees and their chairman are as follows: Lookout, G. H. Lichtenthaler, Philipsburg; Prayer Meeting, Mr. Leikart, State College; Social, Rev. Chas. Frick, Blanchard; Junior and intermediate, Miss R. B. Levy, Milesburg; President and Corresponding Secretary, J. A. Pratt, Unionville.

The afternoon's session began at 2 o'clock with a praise service. Then followed a business session at which the reports of the county officers and superintendents were heard. These reports showed that the work of the society was progressing nicely and everything is in a flourishing condition.

"Hidden Elements of the Pledge" was the subject of an interesting address by Rev. Henry H. Stiles, of Altoona.

"Two Views: 1st the church with a Junior society; 2nd, The Church without one" was ably discoursed upon by Rev. L. T. Scott, of Bellefonte.

The work of the convention was brought to a close with the evening's exercises which began at 7:30.

Wednesday evening after the regular exercises were over a reception was held at which the delegates were given a chance to become acquainted with each other and with the people of our town. Choice refreshments were served and altogether the occasion proved a most pleasant one.

The officers of the organization are as follows:

R. H. Irwin, District Secretary. County Officers—President, J. H. Pratt, Vice-president, H. B. Heylman. Recording Secretary, Miss Nannie Fisher; Corresponding secretary, Miss Elizabeth Stroop; Treasurer, Miss R. B. Levy; Supt. Evangelistic Work, Samuel Taylor; Supt. Missionary Work, Miss Ella Levy; Supt. Junior Work; Miss Rose B. Levy.

Committee of Arrangements for County convention—Chairman, *H.* B. Heylman; Secretary, Miss Frances Elmore; Music, Miss Bella Weaver; Entertainment, Samuel Taylor; Reception, Miss Emma Green; Usher, Newlin Irwin.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO.,
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We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

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WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Missing Man Returns.

William Bechtol, of near Howard, who was reported missing a few days ago, has returned home. Mr. Bechtol left his home during the night and did not put in an appearance until the next evening. During his absence his relatives became very much alarmed. A son who was working at Johnsonburg was sent for, but, happily, when the son arrived home, the father had returned.

—Now that the Russians have civilized China by murder and loot, it might be well for the rest of the world to turn in and civilize Russia.

—Renovo has decided to erect a municipal building at a cost of $10,000.

HEADACHE

is only a symptom—not a disease. So are Backache, Nervousness, Dizziness and the Blues. They all come from an unhealthy state of the menstrual organs. If you suffer from any of these symptoms—if you feel tired and languid in the morning and wish you could lie in bed another hour or two—if there is a bad taste in the mouth, and no appetite—if there is pain in the side, back or abdomen—BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR will bring about a sure cure. The doctor may call your trouble some high-sounding Latin name, but never mind the name. The trouble is in the menstrual organs, and Bradfield's Female Regulator will restore you to health and regulate the menses like clockwork.

Sold by druggists for $1 a bottle. A free illustrated book will be sent to any woman if request be mailed to
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

RUPERT—TODD.

A Quiet Church Wedding at High Noon Thursday.

Leonidas Rupert, M. D., of Nuttallsburg, W. Va., and Miss May Todd, of Philipsburg, well known in Bellefonte, were she has frequently visited, were wedded at high noon Thursday. The ceremony took place at St. Paul's P. E. church at Philipsburg, and on account of illness in the Todd family was a quiet, but nevertheless a very pretty and solemn affair.

The ceremony was witnessed by only the immediate friends of the contracting parties and members of the congregation. The betrothal part of the ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Marley, formerly of West Virginia, now of Germantown, and the marriage benediction by Rev. F. J. Clerc, D. D., rector of St. Paul's church at Philipsburg. The church was very beautifully decorated for the occasion. Mrs. Jno. E. Fryberger was maid of honor and the bride was given away by her brother, Fred C. Todd. A very pleasant reception followed the wedding at the home of the bride's mother.

The bride is a daughter of Mrs. John Todd Sr., possessing many charming qualities, and recognized as one of Philipsburg's most excellent young ladies, while the groom, a most affable and estimable gentleman, is one of the most noted young surgeons of West Virginia, where the happy couple will make their future home. The very best wishes of their many friends will accompany them.

A Powder Mill Explosion

Removes everything in sight; so do drastic mineral pills, but both are mighty dangerous. No need to dynamite your body when Dr. King's New Life Pills do the work so easily and perfectly. Cures Headache, Constipation. Only 25 cents at F. Potts Green's drug store.

Laplanders Going Home.

Dr. Sheldon Jackson, chief government educational commissioner for Alaska, who is convoying across the continent 25 Laplanders sent by the government to Alaska 30 months ago with reindeer, and now on their way home to Jokkonkk, Lapland, is now at Duluth, Minn.

These Laplanders were sent to Alaska early in the Klondike excitement, with reindeer to be used as beasts of burden and food, but were permitted to increase naturally, and now they are growing rapidly and have become thoroughly acclimated. The Alaskan herd now numbers nearly 3,000. Dr. Jackson is founding schools as fast as the means at his command will permit. There is one at Point Barrow, another at Cape Clarens, another at Cape Prince of Wales, others at Nome, St. Lawrence island and elsewhere.

—Common Pleas Court Judge Jacob F. Slagle, of Pittsburg, died Thursday at his home from apoplexy. Governor Stone will have the appointment of his successor who will serve until the first Monday in January, 1902.

—The Empress Dowager of China is going from bad to worse. She has moved with her $35,000,000 from Hsinan Fu to a town whose name cannot even be spelled, much less pronounced.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

—Is there anything more disagreeable than a bossy woman?

HELD FOR U. S. COURT.

A Possible Clue to the Post Office Robbers.

Charles O'Hara and John Malloy, who were arrested at Coburn, Centre Co., and bound over by Justice of the Peace W. B. Mingle for a hearing at Williamsport were more than likely implicated in the post office robbery at Centre Hall, Wednesday night, Aug. 22.

W. B. Mingle Esq., postmaster Geo. M. Boal and Jared Mowery attended the hearing of the tourists in the U. S. court at Williamsport September 3rd. The authorities concluded that there was sufficient evidence against the accused to warrant their holding for a trial.

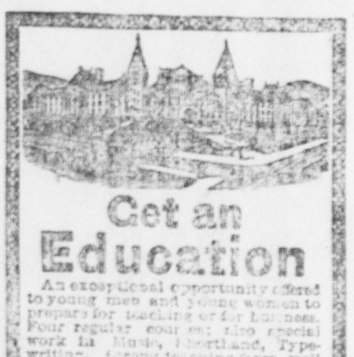
In case these parties are convicted of the crime with which they are charged Messrs. B. D. Brisbin and W. Gross Mingle, of Centre Hall, may come in for a reward of $100, which is a standing offer of the postoffice department for the arrest of postoffice robbers.

Re-union of the 51st Regiment.

A re-union of the 51st Regiment, Pa. Vol., who served in the war of the Rebellion, will be held at Lewisburg, on Friday Sept. 14. The re-union will be held either on the college campus or in the armory, according to the arrangements of the committee, now energetically at work with all details toward the comfort and entertainment of the veterans who will be there. A number of noted and prominent speakers with state-wide reputation, will be present for the occasion. Linn Hartranft, of Philadelphia, son of former Gov. Hartranft, has already signified his intention of being present by accepting the invitation. The 51st Regiment was composed of two companies from Easton and Norristown, and four companies raised in Lewisburg, Mifflinburg, Bellefonte, and other parts of Union and Snyder counties.

Thrown from Trolley Car.

LEWISTOWN, Sept. 8.—On account of the overcrowded condition of a trolley car Thursday night Misses Bertha White, Lizzie Josephs and Jennie Riden were thrown from the platform as the car passed the Five Points. Misses Josephs and Riden escaped with slight injuries, but Miss White's right arm was caught by the wheels, badly crushing that member, as well as inflicting other bruises on the right side of her body.



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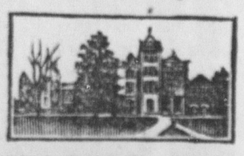
East End, Pittsburg, Pa.



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Sponges belong to the lowest animals which live in water. They are collected by divers, who tear them from the rocks. The gelatinous animal matter is removed by burying them for several days in the sand and afterward soaking, squeezing and washing them. Good sponges are becoming scarcer every year. We have secured several cases of GRASS and BLEACHED SHEEP'S WOOL SPONGES to sell at 5, 10 and 15c. Good value for the money—they are forms—they will be higher—a word to the wise.

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"Star" tin tags (showing small stars printed on under side of tag). "Horse Shoe," "J. T.," "Good Luck," "Cross Bow," and "Drummond" Natural Leaf Tin Tags are of equal value in securing presents mentioned below, and may be assorted. Every man, woman and child can find something on the list that they would like to have, and can have

FREE!

	TAGS.		TAGS.
1	Match Box	22	Six each, Genuine Rogers' Knives and Forks, best plated goods 500
2	Knife, one blade, good steel	23	Clock, 8-day, Calendar, Thermometer, Barometer 500
3	Scissors, 4½ inches	24	Gun case, leather, no better made 500
4	Child's Set, Knife, Fork and Spoon	25	Revolver, automatic, double action 32 or 38 caliber 600
5	Salt and Pepper Set, one each, quadruple plate on white metal	26	Tool Set, not playthings, but real tools 650
6	French Briar Wood Pipe	27	Toilet Set, decorated porcelain, very handsome 800
7	Razor, hollow ground, fine English steel	28	Remington Rifle No. 4, 22 or 32 caliber 800
8	Butter Knife, triple plate, best quality	29	Watch, sterling silver, full jeweled 1000
9	Sugar Shell, triple plate, best quality	30	Dress Suit Case, leather, handsome and durable 1000
10	Stamp Box, sterling silver	31	Sewing Machine, first class, with all attachments 1500
11	Knife, "Keen Kutter," two blades	32	Revolver, Colt's, 38-caliber, blued steel 1500
12	Butcher Knife, "Keen Kutter," 8-in blade	33	Rifle, Colt's, 15-shot, 22-caliber 1500
13	Shears, "Keen Kutter," 8-inch	34	Guitar (Washburn), rosewood, inlaid 2000
14	Nut Set, Cracker and 6 Picks, silver plated	35	Mandolin, very handsome 2000
15	Base Ball, "Association," best quality	36	Winchester Repeating Shot Gun, 12 gauge 2000
16	Alarm Clock, nickel	37	Remington, double-barrel, hammer Shot Gun, 10 or 12 gauge 1000
17	Six Genuine Rogers' Teaspoons, best plated goods	38	Bicycle, standard make, ladies or gents 2500
18	Watch, nickel, stem wind and set	39	Shot Gun, Remington, double-barrel, hammerless 3000
19	Carvers, good steel, buckhorn handles	40	Regina Music Box, 15½ inch Disc 5000
20	Six Genuine Rogers' Table Spoons, best plated goods		
21	Six each, Knives and Forks, buckhorn handles		

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STAR PLUG TOBACCO

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The FALL SESSION opens September 12, 1900.

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ALL THE NEWS Three Times a Week.

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THE HATFIELD VERDICT.

Engineer Davis, Conductor Shelby, Operator Beidler Censured.

STRIKE SITUATION CRITICAL.

143,000 Men to Go Out—Can Win in Thirty Days—Operators Will Not Arbitrate—Oldest Methodist Minister.

McKINLEY'S LETTER OF ACCEPTANCE.

LANSDALE, *Pa.*, Sept. 8.—The coroner's jury, which has been investigating the causes of the wreck at Hatfield, yesterday rendered a verdict fixing the responsibility upon Engineer John Davis and Conductor Thos. Shelby, of the colliding excursion train, D. B. Beidler, telegraph operator at Souderton, which is next to Hatfield, and W. S. Groves, train dispatcher in the Reading terminal station at Philadelphia.

Wm. S. Groves, train dispatcher at the Philadelphia terminal, was by far the most important witness of the day. To the coroner's question, "Were the special train and the milk train under your control last Sunday morning?" Groves answered: "No, they were not. All the operators from Perkasie down to Souderton were slow in reporting them, and none of these operators answered our repeated calls." Groves' testimony made not only Engineer Davis, but every one who had anything to do with running the special, responsible in some measure for the accident.

Groves produced his records, which showed that reports had not been promptly made. The excursion train passed Sellersville at 6:48 and the report was received at 7:09. The train passed Telford at 6:52 and the report was received at 7:11.

The witness further declared that it was the duty of Davis to have stopped his engine at Souderton when he saw the flag which had been placed by watchman Benner. The red board should also have been displayed after the milk train had left Souderton. Davis also violated the rules by running into Hatfield ahead of time.

L. C. Tomlinson, superintendent of the Bethlehem division, testified regarding the preparation of special time tables, and was of the opinion that the excursion train was running at too high a rate of speed for so heavy a train.

When all the witnesses had been heard, Coroner McGlathery gave his charge to the jury. This was a resume of all the evidence that had been brought out and was succinct and to the point.

Following is the verdict:

Wm. C. Blackburn, of Ambler, and others came to their deaths from shock and injuries received at Hatfield station in a collision on the Philadelphia and Reading railway, Sunday morning, Sept. 2, 1900.

We strongly recommend that the Philadelphia and Reading railway company strictly observe the five minute rule in the running of all trains not guarded by some sort of block system.

We recommend the continuation by the Philadelphia and Reading railway Co., of the Hall signal system to Bethlehem. We condemn John Davis, the engineer of the excursion train, for running past the red flag at the crossing at Souderton, for running his train ahead of time and running his train recklessly. We condemn Conductor Thos. Shelby, of the excursion train, for permitting Engineer John Davis to run recklessly and ahead of time, and for not ordering Davis to reduce speed. We believe that operator D. B. Beidler at Souderton station neglected his duty and his failure to raise the red board after the milk train had passed. We are of the opinion that the train dispatcher, W. S. Groves, did not perform his duty, failing to keep in continuous touch with the milk train and the first section of the excursion train.

District Attorney Hendricks said there would be no arrests today.

GREAT STRIKE AT HAND.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 8.—Under the constitution of the United Mine Workers of America the executive board must decide before 6 o'clock to-night upon the application of the districts embraced in the anthracite region for permission to strike.

Indications are that before the time limit has expired messages will have been sent to the presidents of the three districts in question announcing that the permission has been granted. Following these messages will be others ordering the men out of the mines.

President Mitchell said last night:

"I said some time ago that in my opinion there would be a big strike. After talking with my colleagues all day I have no reason to change my opinion."

This assertion is considered very significant at this time, and is taken as an assurance unless conditions change very materially before to-night the big anthracite strike will be a question of but a few hours.

If the 143,000 men go out it is argued by mine workers' officials that the stirke can be won in thirty days. There is, it is said, plenty of aid in sight to maintain the strikers and their families. The organizers and officials of the bituminous districts have been called here and all report favorably on the ability to prevent diversion of coal.

It requires a majority vote of the board to grant permission to strike. No vote has been taken. In event the majority of members of the board vote in favor of a strike telegrams announcing the decision will be sent to T. H. Nicholls, John Fahey, Shamokin, Pa., and Thomas Duffy, of Kellyares, Pa., presidents of districts Nos. 1, 9 and 7, respectively, to the effect that the men in their districts have been given permission to strike. The men will then be ordered out by President Mitchell, who will immediately depart for the region to help in the supervision of the strike. Several members of the executive board will, in all probability, accompany Mr. Mitchell to lend their assistance.

M'KINLEY'S ACCEPTANCE

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—President McKinley has completed his letter of acceptance and will give it to the public next Monday.

It is a complete document, containing about 11,000 words, and covers most thoroughly every point at issue in the campaign.

THE OLDEST METHODIST MINISTER IN THE WORLD DEAD.

WILLIAMS, Cal., Sept. 8.—The Rev. Lorenzo Waugh, the oldest Methodist minister in the world, died suddenly in the railroad depot here just after alighting from a train. He was born in Pocahontas county, W. Va., in 1808, and entered the ministry sixty-eight years ago. He came to California in 1852 and soon after was presented by General Vallejo with a half section of land on which he made his home. He was known throughout the State as "Father Waugh."

A Telegram that Talked.

At one time when the late Georgie Drew Barrymore was playing in San Francisco a fabulous sum was offered her by a local theatre for her services for a few weeks. The offer was exceedingly tempting, but her contract with Charles Frohman stood in the way. However, on the nothing venture nothing won theory, she telegraphed a detailed statement of the offer she had received to Frohman in New York, explained how anxious she was to accept it and wound up with the plea. "Will you release me?" in due course of time she received the following telegram in answer:

Mrs. Georgie Drew Barrymoore. Palace Hotel, San Francisco:
No! CHAS. FROHMAN.

Albeit disappointed, Mrs. Barrymoore at once sent this characteristic reply:

Charles Frohman, New York City:
Oh! GEORGIE DREW BARRYMOORE.

—New York *Tribune.*

—The soldiers' orphan schools of Pennsylvania have re-opened with 1,169 children. The number of applicants for admission is constantly growing smaller, and it is expected by the commission that in a few years it may be found convenient to abandon the schools at Chester Springs, Hartford and Uniontown and concentrate all the children at Scotland. The commission expects to ask the next Legislature for a special appropriation to be applied to the erection of additional buildings at Scotland.

NATURALLY Li Hung Chang will promise anything to get the allies out of Pekin and trust to luck that they will not get there again when he breaks his word, "By their fruits ye shall know them."

UNION COUNTY FAIR.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the benefit of persons desiring to attend the Union County Fair, to be held at Brook Park, near Lewisburg, Pa., September 25, 26, 27 and 28, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from Bellefone, Newberry, East Bloomeburg, Mt. Carmel, and intermediate points, to Brook Park on September 25, 26, 27, and 28, valid to return until September 29, inclusive, at rate of *single fare for the round trip* (no less rate than 25 cents).

Special trains will be run on Thursday, September 27 and on Friday, September 28, as follows: Leave Mifflinburg 12.00 noon, Vicksburg 12.08 p. m., Biehl 12 13 p. m.; arrive Brook Park 12.18 p. m. Returning, leave Brook Park on September 27 for Coburn, on September 28 for Glen Iron and intermediate stations at 5.45 p. m. Special trains will also be run on Thursday and Friday, September 27 and 28, between Lewisburg and Brook Park every half hour from 9.30 a. m. to 5.30 p. m.

All regular trains will stop at Brook Park during the Fair. For time of regular trains consult time-tables.

Electroplating After Embalming.

Dr. Variot, of Paris, has discovered a process for embalming bodies which it is thought will prove a great success. He not only embalms, but metalizes the bodies by the Ruolt process, just as is done with a fork or a spoon. In this manner they can be preserved indefinitely, and in such perfection that the most imperceptible wrinkles and lines are reproduced, and the embalmed body has the appearance of a metal statue.

Reduced Rates to Philadelphia via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the State League Republican Clubs, to be held in Philadelphia Sept. 17 and 18, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia from all stations on its line in the State of Pennsylvania at the rate of one fare for the round trip (minimum rate 25 cents). Tickets to be sold and good going Sept. 15, 16, and 17, and to return until Sept. 22, inclusive.

IT IS rumored that China has offered Manchuria to Russia if that country will secure the withdrawal of the allies in such a way as to "save the face" of the imperial government. This story is worth investigating before withdrawal becomes a fact. The Russians are crafty statesmen and would enter into any negotiation that would extend its domain.

THE question now is whether the German Field Marshal Waldensee will be able to bring about victories in China even with the aid of a whole corps of typewriters.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect May 28, 1900

Via Tyrone—Westward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.35 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m, at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11.10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5.47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.35 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.45 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.25 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.45 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.55 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 8.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.
Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.20 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2.15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.
J. B. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect May 28, 1900

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS	NORTHWARD. DAY EXPRESS.	NORTHWARD. MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD. EXPRESS.	SOUTHWARD. DAY EXPRESS.	SOUTHWARD. MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 20	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 5	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 26	8 26	....East Tyrone..	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28	3 28	8 28	....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 29	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5
7 41	3 40	8 42	...Vanscoyoc....	8 38	11 02	5
7 45	3 44	8 47	.....Gardner	8 37	10 59	5
7 54	3 53	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5
8 00	3 59	9 05	.....Sunmit	8 20	10 44	5
8 05	4 03	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 27
8 08	4 05	9 11	.....Retort.....	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 06	9 12	.....Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 12	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	.Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 16	9 29	.... Boynton	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 22	4 20	9 32	.... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 23	9 40	....Philipsburg..	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 28	9 45	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	4 34	9 50	.... Blue B.H....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	4 40	9 56	....Wallaceton....	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	4 45	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	4 50	10 08	.....Woodland.....	7 26	9 45	4 27
8 56	4 54	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 23	9 42	4 25
9 00	4 58	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 40	4 20
9 05	5 03	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 07	10 26	.....Clearfield ...	7 12	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 12	10 32	....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 18	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	5 37	10 44	..Curwensville..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	5 48	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	5 51	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	5 57	11 04	....Grampian	6 40		3 21
M	P M	P M	Ar	Lv	P M	A M	P M

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	....Lock Haven..	10 80	2 43	9 30
3 49		8 59	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek...	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	....Eagleville....	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	..... Howard	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	...Mount Eagle...	9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 42
4 44	1 05	9 55	.....Bellefonte,....	9 28	1 41	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	.....Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 23
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 03	1 23	10 11	....Unionville.....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian.....	8 58	1 14	8 23
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 06	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	..Port Matilda...	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah.....	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	.....Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	.....Dix.....	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	....Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	.....Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900.

Westward.			Eastward.	
p m	a m		a m	p m
1 38	5 40	.....Montandon.....	9 15	4 55
1 45	6 35	..... Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47	..... Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 55	.....Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 07	.....Millmont.....	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13	.....Glen Iron.....	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	....Paddy Mountain..	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	.....Coburn.....	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	.....Zerby.....	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	....Rising Spring....	7 35	3 17
3 25	8 11	.....Penns Cave.....	7 28	3 10
3 50	8 18	..... Centre Hall.....	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	.....Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	.....Linden Hall.....	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	.....Oak Hall.....	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	.....Lemont.....	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	..... Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	.....Pleasant Gap.....	6 48	2 24
4 08	8 56	.....Axemann.....	6 45	2 21
4 19	9 00	.....Bellefonte	6 40	2 18

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm. 1*	*5	Exp. *2		EASTWARD. Mail. *2	Exp. *4	Bellf Ac 6*
a m	p m	a m	Lv Ar	a m	p m	p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 40
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	2 25	6 30
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 03	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdor	f7 40		of5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.

f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.
F. H. THOMAS, Sup.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.		p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe	Leave 7 30	3 15
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15	4 56
10 01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18	5 05
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte	Arrive 9 32	5 20

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4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping-Cough	.25
27	Kidney Diseases	.25
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever	.25

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Photographed from Life.

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The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.00 per annum.

BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

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VICE PRESIDENT,
THEODORE ROOSEVELT, of New York.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

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GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquehanna.
ROBT. S. FOERDERER, of Philadelphia.

ELECTORS-AT-LARGE,
WM. H. SAYEN, of Delaware.
CLARENCE WOLF, of Philadelphia.
FRANK H. BUHL, of Delaware.
A. B. ROBERTS, of Montgomery.

County Committee.

The following named gentlemen compose the Republican Executive Committee of Centre County for the year 1900.

WILBUR F. REEDER, Chairman, Bellefonte.
Henry C. Quigley, Secretary, Bellefonte.
Harry Keller, G. W. Rees, J. Thomas Mitchell } Ass't Sec's, Bellefonte.

District.	Name	Address.
Bellefonte, N W	F. C. Williams	Bellefonte
" S W	John Morgan,	"
" W W	Earle C Tuten,	"
Centre Hall boro.	W O Rearick	Centre Hall
Millesburg "	Alfred S Smith	Millesburg
Millheim "	J Spigelmyer,	Millheim
Howard "	Robert Cook, Jr.,	Howard
Philipsburg	1 w C T Fryberger	Philipsburg
"	2 Geo E Lamb	Philipsburg
"	3 Howard Shaler	"
South Philipsburg	Thos Crownover,	Ph'sbg
College boro	Philip D Foster	State College
Unionville Boro	Howard Holzworth	Fleming
Benner twp, N P.	David Rothrock	Bellefonte
Benner twp, S P.	David Rhinesmith	"
Boggs Twp N P	Thos. Malone	Yarnell
Boggs Twp E P	H R Curtin	Roland
Boggs Twp W P.	Scott Walters	Millesburg
Burnside Twp	D G Stewart	Moshannon
College Twp	Wm. Thompson, Jr	Lemont
Curtin "	R C Daley	Romola
Ferguson Twp E P.	A Stine Walker, P O	Mills
Ferguson " W P.	J H Musser, Pa. Furnace	
Gregg " N P	Isaac Smith	Farmers Mills
Gregg " E P.	Jos. K. Bitner,	Penn Hall
Gregg " W P.	Wm Allison	Spring Mills
Haines " E P.	J C F Motz	Woodward
Haines " W P.	Jas S Weaver	Aaronsb'g
Half Moon "	C W Hunter	Stormstown
Harris "	Scott Bricker	Boalsburg
Howard "	John Turner	Mt. Eagle
Huston "	G G Fink	Julian
Liberty "	W S Holter	Blanchard
Marion "	Samuel Aley	Walker
Miles E P	M W Adams	Livonia
" M. P.	Thos E Royer	Rebersburg
" W. P	Reuben Grimm	Madisonburg
Patton	John W Baisor	Benore
Penn "	T B Motz	Coburn
Potter Twp N P	Isaac Shawver	Centre Hall
Potter " S P	Alexander McCoy	Potter's Mills
Rush " N P	David Kinkead	Philipsburg
Rush " S P	Isaiah Woodle,	Sandy Ridge
Snow Shoe E P W A	Sickle	Snow Shoe
" W P.	J W Harshbarger	Moshannon
Spring Twp N P	Anthony Dusling	Bellefonte
Spring " S P	John Bilger	Pleasant Gap
Spring " W P	William Hampton	Bellefonte
Taylor " A R	Price	Hannah Furnace
Union " E P	Barton	Fleming
Worth " B C	Woodring	Port Matilda
Walker " M P.	Irvin Yarnell	Hublersburg
" " E P.	L E Rogers	Nittany
" " W P.	Christ Decker	Zion

CALL
FOR
Republican County Convention.

The Republicans of Centre County will meet at their respective voting places in the several election districts in the County, on Saturday, September 15th, 1900, for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention.

The delegates so chosen will meet in Convention at the Court House in Bellefonte, at eleven o'clock A. M., on Tuesday, September 18th, 1900, for the purpose of electing two candidates for Members of the Legislature, one candidate for Jury Commissioner and three Conferees to meet in conference with Conferees from the several Counties composing this Congressional District, to name a candidate for Congress for the 28th Congressional District, to elect a Chairman for 1901, and to transact all such other business as may properly come before the Convention and be for the best interests of the party.

Under the rules of the party, the number of delegates to which each precinct is entitled, is as follows:

NUMBER OF DELEGATES.

Bellefonte N W	4	Haines East P	1
Bellefonte S W	3	Haines West P	1
Bellefonte W W	2	Harris	2
Centre Hall	1	Howard Twp	2
Howard Borough	2	Huston	2
Milesburg	2	Liberty	3
Millheim	1	Marion	1
Philipsburg 1st W	2	Miles East P	1
Philipsburg 2d W	3	Miles Middle P	1
Philipsburg 3d W	3	Miles West P	1
South Philipsburg	1	Patton	2
State College Boro	3	Penn	1
Unionville Boro	1	Potter North P	1
Benner N Precinct	1	Potter South P	1
Benner S Precinct	1	Rush North P	1
Boggs East Precinct	1	Rush South P	2
Boggs West Precinct	3	Snow Shoe East P	2
Boggs North Prec't	1	Snow Shoe West P	1
Burnside	1	Spring North P	1
College Twp	4	Spring South P	3
Curtin	1	Spring West P	2
Ferguson East P	2	Taylor	2
Ferguson West P	2	Union	2
Gregg North P	1	Walker East P	1
Gregg East P	1	Walker Middle P	1
Gregg West P	2	Walker West P	1
Half Moon	2	Worth	2
Total number of delegates			92
Necessary to choice in nomination			47

In the Boroughs of Bellefonte, Centre Hall, Howard, Milesburg, Millheim, Philipsburg, South Philipsburg, State College and Unionville, and in the Townships of Benner, Boggs, College, Ferguson, Haines, Howard, Marion, Patton, South Potter, Rush, Snow Shoe, Spring, Union, Walker and Worth, the polls will open at 7 P. M. and close at 9 P. M., and in the remaining districts will open at 2 P. M. and close at 4 P. M.

The primary election for delegates will be held under the supervision of the district committeemen, who will post proper notices, advertising as far as possible the delegate election in their respective precincts, and who will also see that the proper election officers are designated, in attendance and that they are duly sworn. They will also be careful to see that the polls are open during the hours named in this call.

WILBUR F. REEDER,
Chairman Republican Co. Com.
HENRY C. QUIGLEY,
Secretary.

If the Filipinos could vote the Democrats would be in favor of keeping them.

IT MEANS A REPUBLICAN VICTORY.

The restoration of harmony in the Republican party in our county has been received with hearty approbation by the Republicans generally throughout the county. From all quarters comes the word that the peace agreement consummated by the factional leaders in Bellefonte recently is in practically unanimous accord with the sentiment of the party members. Of course, here and there, but few and far between, bobs up a rabid factionalist who spurns the harmonious adjustment of the party's political differences and declares he will have none of it. Happily, the influence of such as these is confined entirely to the limits of their individual action at the polls, so after all the "rebellious" contingent, should it hold out against the harmony agreement, entails but the loss of a possible score at the most, of Republican votes for Allison and Thompson.

It is gratifying, indeed, to know that the ticket to be named at the convention next Tuesday will receive the indorsement and support of a united party. It encourages the hope, which is strong in the hearts of the party leaders, for a Republican victory this fall. Our Democratic friends are trying their best to view the unification of the Centre County Republicans in a skeptical light and minimize their concern with the hope that the harmony deal lacks sincerity and good faith. They may doubt to their heart's content; they may, through the columns of their party organs, attack the integrity of the factional leaders who were instrumental in terminating factional contentions in the Republican ranks; they may rail and rant, abuse and revile to the end of the chapter, but the fact remains just the same that the Republican party in Centre County is united and will put up a united support of its ticket at the polls and will win the day, too, if an energetic house to house, and man to man campaign will tend to that result.

Chairman Reeder is laying his plans for one of the most active and systematic campaigns that has ever been prosecuted in the county. He will have the influence and assistance of a united leadership and a united party. The Republicans of the county are going into the contest this fall to win and win they will if every Republican does his duty and stands by the ticket.

MERELY FOR POLITICAL CAPITAL.

If there was no Presidential campaign now we would probably witness the same unification of views over the action of the President of the United States in upholding the honor of the American flag and the dignity of the American nation in China that was witnessed when we went to war with Spain two years ago. It is simply because one party desires to play politics that it derides the party in power for doing what every right-thinking man knows should have been done, and what only the most partisan persons dare to criticise.

The party that opposes any action taken by an administration to uphold the dignity of Americans abroad and to make the flag of the nation respected wherever it floats, will not be successful. The President's Chinese policy has been so far above reproach that any hint of criticism will be sure to disgust patriotic citizens of the United States.

THE Cuban flag was officially hoisted over the public buildings at Santiago de Cuba on the 25th of August. This circumstance ought to end Democratic talk about the ultimate intentions of the McKinley administration with reference to Cuba.

THE first round in the Philadelphia political prize fight terminated on Tuesday evening with disastrous results to the Martin contestants. There will be another round pulled off on election day and a different result is looked for.

GROVER CLEVELAND and Tom Reed seem disposed to stay out of the fight, but they should remember the fate likely to befall the innocent bystander.

PRESIDENT McKINLEY'S ACCEPTANCE.

President McKinley's letter of acceptance, given to the public on Monday of this week, is one of the strongest documents that ever eminated from the pen of a political candidate. In terms alike for courage and clearness he defines the attitude of the Republican party on the great issues of the campaign and meets squarely and fearlessly the attacks of his opponents and critics.

In his letter the President gives a masterful review of the splendid achievements of the past four years of Republican rule, which in itself is a powerful and convincing argument for a continuance of the wise and judicious policy, inaugurated by the present administration, that has been of such inestimable value to the country and its institutions, the people and their material interests. The statistics he quotes to indicate the marvelous commercial and industrial growth of the country during the period following the enactment of Republican legislation cannot be disputed, since on all sides evidence abounds in proof of the unprecedented era of prosperity that all know dates from the restoration of confidence coming almost simultaneously with the election of a Republican President and a Republican Congress.

President McKinley takes up the financial issue and covers it thoroughly and in a way that can be understood by all who give his letter but a casual review. The foreign policy of his administration receives a large share of his attention and rightfully, too, since it involves the chief issue of the campaign—from the Democratic standpoint—*i. e.* imperialism. There is not, in fact, a question of public importance that is not touched upon and the attitude of the party in reference thereto made clear and comprehensive. The Philippine question is discussed in a manner that should settle all doubts as to the right of our title to the islands and put an end to the traitorous carpings of those who would have the country shirk its responsibility and lower its flag in the sight of a rebellious tribe. "The power of the government," says the President, "has been used for the liberty, the peace and prosperity of the Philippine people, *and that force has only been employed against force which stood in the way of the realization of these ends.*" "The American people," continues the President, will not make the *murderers* of our soldiers the *agents* of the Republic to convey the blessings of liberty and order to the Philippines."

President McKinley's letter of acceptance should be read by every voter in the land and it ought to have the effect of making his re-election doubly sure. The following excerpt from the New York *Sun's* editorial on the letter of acceptance is a notable instance of the approval of the press of the President's peerless exposition of his party's principles and doctrines and his administration's policies and accomplishments:

"The unusual quality of the entire letter, with its temperately worded and calmly reasoned statement of results and purposes, will, we think, impress every reader. The tone of the letter of acceptance marks the immeasurable distance between the responsible servant of the people, who has justly earned their confidence, and the political adventurer boxing the compass of sophistical and passionate rhetoric in his frantic bid for office. The contrast we get here is not merely one of politics or political ideas or points of view regarding undisputed facts, but of individual character and personal trustworthiness."

COLONEL BRYAN, the farmer (?) candidate for President, is said to have recently sold his oat crop for more than he paid for the land upon which it was raised, a few years ago. If this thing keeps on, it will be hard for him to persuade himself that the prosperity of the country is fictitious, as he claims.

WHAT a situation it would be if Senator Wellington, of Maryland, were to read one of his four-year-old anti-Bryan speeches to the audiences at one of those joint meetings.

REMEMBER 1892.

When the people are prosperous and contented they are more apt to forget or fail to see the dangers that beset them. Never were the people of this country so abundantly provided with material blessings as they are today, and in this fact there is the fear that in this campaign our material strength may prove our political weakness.

Strange as it may seem, yet none the less true it is, the greatest menace to the success of the Republican party in November arises, not alone from the confident feeling everywhere that the popularity of our national candidates will carry the elections, but from the more significant and extraordinary sentiment that because the people are prosperous there should be none to want a change.

The average American voter who was dissatisfied and unhappy under Democratic rule is now easy in mind, thriving and flourishing; the toilers of the land who were idle and charity subjects under the Democratic regime are now employed and able to provide for themselves and their dependents; the great army of business men, workingmen and farmers who demanded a change from retrogression to progress; and who, for four years have been reaping the benefits of wise Republican legislation, are slow to believe that another and powerful army has been mustered into service and is marching onward under the leadership of un-American demagogues to overthrow the good that has been done and seize the helm of government. They are slow to believe that the candidates of the Republican party who stand for all that has been prosperous and successful in our national development, should be in danger of repudiation. They have not yet come to realize that the army of Democracy, of Populism and of Demoralization have stealthily advanced, gathering, here and there, the selfish and discontented, combining all, for the grand attack in November upon the honor, integrity and prosperity of the country.

In this crisis the duty of the working Republicans is plain. The men who are charged with looking after the interests of the party in their respective districts should be up and doing, preparing for the battle of ballots to occur on November 6. They should do their best to get out every Republican vote. There must be no stay-at-homes. Do not allow yourself to be influenced by the thought that there will be enough McKinley votes without yours. In this the danger lies. Remember 1892. During the campaign in that year you thought you were too busy to take an active interest in politics, or believed that your vote would not be missed. Remember the result: Consternation, empty pocketbooks, vicious tariff laws, losses in business, assignments, no employment, distress, disaster and a hundred other evils. Do not make the same mistake this year.

THEIR ONLY EXCUSE.

Some Democrats who, in their anxiety to say something against the administration, have endeavored to criticise the action of the President in sending troops to rescue the American citizens imprisoned in the Chinese capital as "imperialism." But such utterances have proven so unpopular that nearly every man that has said anything on that line has had to explain. One of the most recent explanations of that kind came from L. W. Habercrom, who evidently talked too much at the recent Indianapolis gathering. When he got back to Washington Habercrom had to explain, and attempted to modify his statement. The modification amounted to about this: "It was right to send troops to the rescue of the American citizens, but it was wrong for McKinley to do it."

EVERY Republican voter in Centre County should vote at the primaries next Saturday. If we would put our Democratic friends to sleep on November 6 we must go up against them with a solid front. The time to begin the argument is at the primaries.

THE NEW CATECHISM.

Coffeyville, Kan., Journal.

Who made the world?
William Jennings Bryan.
For whom did he make it?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who built the ark?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who was the founder of Rome?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who was the author of the Magna Charta?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who said "Curfew Shall not Ring Tonight?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who discovered America?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who built the Rocky Mountains?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who headed the Boston tea party?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who cleaned out the British at Yorktown?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who fought the battle of New Orleans?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who civilized New Jersey?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who gave Maud Muller the frosty mit?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who invented the Missouri Compromise?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who issued the Emancipation proclamation?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who was the author of the Interstate commerce?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who struck Billy Patterson?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who decides when the century ends?
William Jennings Bryan.
Who will give Gabriel the tip to blow his horn?
William Jennings Bryan.

A Geographical Simile.

"It strikes me," said the first sensible man, "that Bryan wants the earth."

"Yes," the other agreed, and it strikes me he'll resemble the earth pretty soon."

"In what way?"

"He'll be flattened at the polls."—*Philadelphia Press.*

THERE are a few cranks in this country who oppose President McKinley because he refuses to be a law unto himself and abolish the army canteen, but the great mass of voters, Democratic and Republican, have only contempt for such nonsense and know that the President is a clean, sensible American who is heartily in favor of temperance in all things, but who is not crank enough to think that soldiers can be made good by law.

MR. BRYAN has refused to answer Secretary Gage's charge that he would, if elected, order his Secretary of the Treasury to pay government bonds in silver. What is the matter with the free silver champion, the 16 to 1 Colonel? Has he lost his nerve or is he uncertain in regard to the provisions of the law? If neither of these is entirely comprehensible, we must revert to the third alternative—that he wants to humbug the voters.

WHEAT is stacked mountain high along the Kansas railroads waiting for cars in which to move it east. This is a pretty good proof of prosperity, but the Populists and Democrats may be depended upon to make the worst of it, nevertheless.

POSSIBLY Colonel Bryan thinks that the consent of the governed is merely a "local issue," as General Hancock thought the tariff was. This would explain his silence on the question of negro disfranchisement in the South.

STEVENSON, the Democratic vice presidential candidate, subscribed to the "plain and unequivocal declaration of the convention in favor of sound money" some eight years ago. Today, however, his paramountcy seems to have been inverted as it were. He is a fitting running mate of paramount maker Bryan.

REPUBLICANS are wondering where the Democrats got the money they undoubtedly have. Possibly it came in the nature of a conscience fund contributed by the Tammanyites who participated in the ice trust.

A PROMISE HE WILL KEEP IF ELECTED.

"If there is any one who believes the Gold Standard is a good thing, or that it must be maintained, I warn him not to cast his vote for me, because I promise him it will not be maintained in this country longer than I am able to get rid of it."

This language was used by William Jennings Bryan in a speech at Knoxville, Tenn., on Sept. 16, 1896. His attitude on the money question is the same today as it was then. Do not deceive yourself in thinking that such is not the case.

It will be seen that Mr. Bryan does not want the vote of "any one who believes the Gold Standard is a good thing." Can any one believe otherwise after witnessing our sound business and financial prosperity since the Gold Standard law has been enacted?

Mr. Bryan made a "promise" to the American voters that the Gold Standard law "will not be maintained in this country longer than I am (he is) able to get rid of it." The election of Mr. Bryan to the Presidency, would, therefore, be immediately followed by attacks upon the financial integrity of the United States and of every individual citizen. The result would be a repetition of the business panic and disaster that the country and people experienced during the last Democratic administration. Are you willing to make the change?

WHERE SHALL THE WORK BE DONE?

"We want no idle men in the United States. We want no idle mills in the United States, and to the end that we may have neither idle mills nor idle men, we must do our work in the United States and not outside the United States," said President McKinley during the last campaign. Those who oppose the American policy of Protection to American industries, the policy which makes it certain that we shall do our work in our own country, would hardly dare to say openly that they wanted to see the workingmen of the United States idle, or even that they did not care whether they were idle or not. Yet that is what their advocacy of the policy of Free Trade says for them. The choice between Protection and Free Trade is the choice between doing our work in this country, by giving the industries of this country protection against the industries of Europe with their pauper labor, and thus securing to the people of this country steady work at good wages in supplying the demands of the American market, which is by far the greatest and most profitable market in the world—a choice between that and the buying of what goods we can afford to pay for, abroad, and thus giving to foreign laborers rather than to those of our country the work of manufacturing those goods. The choice ought to be an easy one to any American who is proud of the progress of his country.

REPUBLICANS STRONGER IN WEST.

Director of the Mint Roberts, who has returned to Washington from a trip through Iowa, expressed the opinion that the Republicans in that State were stronger than ever before. There would be some slight losses among the German voters, although they were as a rule firmly against Bryan. This defection, however, would be more than offset by the return of the silver Republicans, and in addition many of the sound money Democrats would come to the Republicans to stay.

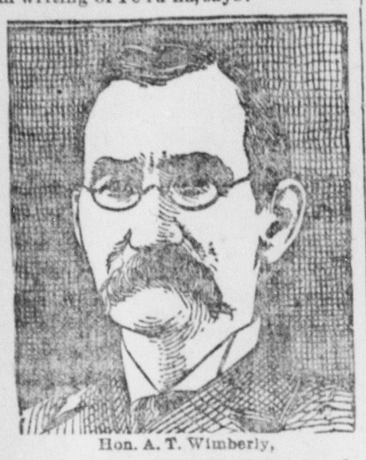
West of the Mississippi river the drift, he said, was decidedly toward the Republicans. He ridiculed the claims of the Democrats for carrying Minnesota and said it would give the Republican ticket 50,000 majority. North and South Dakota were surely Republican, and Kansas, too, was counted in the Republican column.

—State Treasurer Barnett's report for August shows a balance of $6,527,108.43 in the general fund and $2,252,455.09 in the sinking fund. Col. Barnett has already paid out about $15,000 of the school fund appropriation for the current fiscal year, and he will begin next week to distribute the fund at the rate of $1,000,000 a month.

SYSTEMIC CATARRH.

Thousands Suffer From It and Do Not Know It.

Hon. A. T. Wimberly, Collector of the Port of New Orleans, La., and member of the National Republican Committee, in writing of Pe-ru-na, says:



Hon. A. T. Wimberly,

"Pe-ru-na Drug M'f'g Co., Columbus, O.:

"Gentlemen—I have used Pe-ru-na and can gladly recommend it as being all you represent. I wish that every man who is in need of a good tonic could know of it. I would advise all such to take it now, and am sure it would never be regretted." A. T. Wimberly.

Pe-ru-na is an internal remedy—a scientific remedy for catarrh. It cures catarrh wherever located. Its cures last. Pe-ru-na gives strength by stopping waste. By saving the mucus it enriches the blood. By cleansing the mucous membranes it preserves the vital forces.

A constant drain of mucus from the system is known as systemic catarrh. This may occur from any organ of the body. Systemic catarrh is more common in spring and summer than in the winter.

Dr. Rachel A. Magaw, 67 West Jefferson Street, Springfield, Ohio: "Your Pe-ru-na is worth its weight in gold. I feel like a new woman. I can't praise it enough. I spent a great deal of money on doctors, but nothing ever did me any good until I sent to you and tried your Pe-ru-na. I now feel well of the catarrh."

Ralph W. Chulip, of La Porte, Ind., says the following as regards Pe-ru-na for catarrh: "I had been troubled with catarrh for the past eight years. I became so bad a year and a half ago that I took treatment from two different specialists on catarrh. The discharge from my head was dreadful. Finally my stomach became affected, and eight months ago I had to quit work. I lost in weight from 165 pounds to 140. I was completely discouraged. I procured a bottle of Pe-ru-na and had not taken half the bottle, when, to my joy and surprise, I began feeling better. My head began to get better; the discharge began to dry up. I kept on, and have now taken two bottles. I have resumed my work, have a good appetite, and have not felt better in ten years. I am now 30, and I thank Pe-ru-na for the way I feel to-day."

For free book address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

REBERSBURG NEWS.

This morning we again heard the old familiar sound of the school house bell as it called the students together for another season of work; and we hope the earnest efforts of the various teachers will be fully appreciated by both parents and pupils.

Alpha, one of the children of Mr. C. C. Smull, is quite ill with typhoid fever.

Mrs. Wilson Cole spent several days last week at Spring Mills.

The colored campmeeting is still in progress, and, it is said, will be continued over next Sunday. While the people of our town have not attended very well, there has been many there from the neighboring valleys. The colored people have certainly behaved very courteously thus far, and we hope they will continue in this way.

Farmers are again murmuring and wishing for rain. The wheat and pasture suffer very materially from this drought.

Miss Katherine Gast, from Mifflinburg, is the guest of Winifred Wolfe.

Ellery Krape and John Moyer traded horses last week.

Notwithstanding the dry season, fruit seems to be very plenty, and everyone appears to lay in a good supply for the coming winter.

Miss Wolford, who has been visiting at W. H. Corman's, returned to her home in Iowa.

Robert, son of Chas. Smull, was seriously sick, but is considerably better at this writing.

Peace War Over Schools.

Columbia, Pa., has a large negro population, and the question of separate schools for white and colored pupils has been agitated for a long time. The public schools opened Tuesday morning, the school board having provided separate schools with colored teachers for negro children. This did not suit the colored parents, who accompanied their children to the white schools and demanded admission. This was refused and the negroes were directed to go to their own schools. In the meantime the report was circulated that the negroes were being admitted and the parents of many white pupils took their children away. Neither side shows any evidence of giving in.

WHAT DOES THIS LACK.

Surely Bellefonte Readers Cannot ask for Better Proof.

Can the Bellefonte reader ask for more convincing proof than testimony published every day from representative citizens of Bellefonte. If so, what sort of proof can it be? Read this:

Mr. A. B. Steel, of West Lamb street says: "I have never had a bad back since I used Doan's Kidney Pills, in 1896 I procured them at that time from F. Potts Green's drug store and used them, but I have never had any occasion to use them since. I was so bad with lumbago or soreness across my kidneys that I had to lay off work, I was hurt at a barn raising some years ago by a heavy timber swinging and striking me in the back. After that whenever I took cold it always affected my kidneys. This was the case for years but Doan's Kidney Pills finished all that suffering. I can speak as highly of this valuable preparation now as I did then."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

A special dispatch from Harrisburg says it is probable Governor Stone will appoint his law partner, W. P. Potter, of Pittsburg, to the vacancy on the Supreme Court bench.

Dynamite Bombs from a Socialist Paper—"Appeal to Reason."

Some ignorant people upbraid socialists for being against government, when the fact is that the socialists want the government extended to take in and operate all the industries. The fellows who think they are the mainstay of the government and order are so afraid of the government that they are afraid to trust it with the industries. But they are so wise, don't you know.

Why should the children of tomorrow, in any nation, pay the expenses of the quarrels and wars of yesterday by the grandfathers? If there is any justice in them paying such bills, then should the grandchildren be made to pay the other kinds of debts of their grandparents. And you would see a man in the other place before you would pay a bill for your grandfather getting drunk if presented to you now, and you know it. But then you are so logical and wise!

Don't you believe that the people, if they operated the oil industry, could get a superintendent to see that the oil is rightly produced and distributed to the people, for less than $50,000,000 a year that Rockefeller draws? The job would not be of much importance if there were no stock-jobbing connected with it. On the evidence of the officers of the Standard Oil Co., in the recent suits in Ohio, where that corporation defied the courts and still defies them, refined oil costs only TWENTY CENTS A BARREL. You pay that much a gallon—at least we do here in Kansas right in the oil fields. The difference is what fools pay to cunning for a belief in private capital.

If the using of their political power by labor unions would disrupt the unions, you would find every democratic and republican paper in the land urging them to go into politics. The capitalists own or control such papers and they want to destroy the labor unions so they can treat singly with the men. It is the dividing to conquer process. Laboring men's interests everywhere, in every vocation are the same and they should stick together. As well might a disorganized mob try to defend itself against a disciplined army as for men to seek justice from employers unless they have the power that organization alone can give them.

Volunteers to be Recalled.

The war department is preparing to bring home the 31,000 volunteers from the Philippines whose terms of service will expire between next November and June, 1901. The homeward movement will begin about the middle of November.

No orders have yet been issued on the subject, but it will take practically all of the transport service at the command of the department to accomplish the return of the volunteers. It is the intention of the department to return the organizations in the same relative order as they were shipped to the island, thus equalizing as nearly as possible their terms of foreign service.

Why doesn't someone notify the Boer generals that they have been overwhelmingly defeated once more and that the war is over. It is cruel to keep them in ignorance of such important facts.

—Consul Irvin Shaw, with his family and a native servant, arrived in this country Wednesday last from Barranquilla, Colombia, S. A. Mr. Shaw is in good health, a living contradiction of the report some time ago, that he had died in a foreign country. This report caused some uneasiness here as he is well known being a native of our neighboring county of Clearfield.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Sept. 11th, 1900.

President McKinley's letter of acceptance of the republican nomination for President is a masterly statement of what has been accomplished by the republican party under his administration. There is not a weak or halting sentence in the letter. It meets every issue of the campaign and demolishes every argument that has been put forward by the Bryanites in opposition to any policy of the administration, including that of expansion, which the Bryanites are trying so hard to persuade the country in the face of absolute knowledge to the contrary, to accept as imperialism. If that letter were the only state paper ever written by President McKinley, it would alone give him the right to a place in the front rank of America's greatest statesmen. If any intelligent American has any doubt of how he should vote, a careful perusal of that letter will convince him that there is only one way to vote to insure a continuance of our present prosperity, and that is for McKinley and Roosevelt.

The President and Mrs. McKinley have gone to Somerset, Pa., to attend the marriage of their niece, Miss Mabel McKinley and, unless there is some unexpected change in the situation in China, which is now waiting on the action of the powers, they will go from Somerset to Canton, for a short stay before returning to Washington. Gen Chaffee has been ordered to hold his troops in readiness to leave Pekin at any time.

Hon. G. E. Roberts, Director of the Mint, who has just returned from a trip to the Middle West said: "West of the Mississippi river, the drift is decidedly to the republicans. Democratic talk of carrying Minnesota is entitled to no weight. They will not come within fifty thousand votes of it. The Dakotas are both republican and Kansas is considered safe. I have confidence that this drift our way, which is so apparent in all the West, will be found to be prevalent in Nebraska also, although that is a state in which populism is well seated. It is hardly to be expected that Illinois will give as large a republican majority as it did four years ago. There is a liklihood that it will settle back toward the ordinary republican majority, but there is no reason to doubt that it will be ample for practical purposes.

Senator Daniel, of Va., is one of the few men who doesn't let his partisan wishes destroy his private judgment. Publicly he talks as confidently of Mr Bryan's election as any of the rainbow chasers, but he is noted as having said: privately in Washington, "I can not see that Bryan has more than a fighting chance, but, of course, we are bound to make the most of that. The probabilities seem to me largely favorable to McKinley's election."

The democrats are making many ridiculous claims, none more so that their alleged expectation of carrying Minnesota. Capt. Henry A. Castle, Auditor for the Post Office Department, who has been active in every campaign in that state for the last thirty-four years, and who was connected with the republican state Central Committee, as Chairman or Secretary for more than ten years, has recently returned from a visit to the state. He said of political conditions there: "Minnesota is as likely to go for Bryan this year, as Vermont is, and not a particle more so. It would be just as reasonable for the republicans to claim Texas as for the democrats to claim Minn. There is not the slightest indication of any land slide or political upheaval this year in Minnesota. The republicans have thorough precinct organization, and are advised every day at the central headquarters of all local movements. The reports up to last week, when I left there, were constantly more encouraging. The seven republican Congressmen from Minnesota have all been renominated, and each of them will be elected without any question. There can be no trouble about the state ticket or the legislature, which will re-elect Senator Knute Nelson, next winter. Minnesota has had but one democratic governor in forty years, and that is sufficient. It has never cast a single democratic electoral vote since the state was admitted to the Union, and it is not likely to commence that career of folly now."

A fraud order has been issued by the Post Office Department against L. D. Bass, and two alleged concerns conducted by him in Washington—The American Teacher's Agency and the American Civil Service College, one used to collect fees for securing school teacher's places, and the other for securing government positions.

Gen. Chaffee has made new admirers by his unselfishness in recommending that Col. A. S. Daggett, be appointed to the vacant Brigadier Generalship in the regular army, caused by the retirement today of Gen. Joe Wheeler, for good judgment and gallantry in the Chinese campaign. It had been understood that this vacancy would be given to Gen. Chaffee, but his own recommendations may get it for Daggett, who may then be retired, which would give the President an opportunity to promote Chaffee also.

Lord Roberts has annexed the Transvaal by proclamation. Also Senator Jones the Democratic National Chairman has carried Indiana, New York and other states by interviews. Everything is therefore, over in both sections of the world.

THE SIDE TO CHOOSE.

To illustrate the difference between the influence of the Wilson (Democratic) tariff and the influence of the Dingley (Republican) tariff—the attention of the voters should be directed during the coming campaign to the fact that while the increase of exports of manufactures during the five-year period from 1890 to 1895 was only $32,493,000, the increase from 1895 to 1900 was $248,688,000. It will be seen from these figures that under the genial effects of a Republican administration and the Dingley protective tariff there has been a growth of the exports of American manufactures which, if there were no other cause for the use of the word, would entitle the Republican party to proudly claim the name of the party of expansion.

What would have been the material development of the United States had it not been for the policy of Protection to American industries which the Republican party has always upheld and which the Democratic party has always assailed? The diversity of occupation which now exists among the people would have been retarded and there would be a smaller proportion of the population engaged in manufacturing.

The conditions which have created employment at good wages for American artisans would not have existed. The expansion, therefore, of our manufacturing exports has continued until it astonishes even the great trade countries of Europe.

Voters should remember this while discussing the proper thing to do when choosing Congressmen. Democrats represent closed factories. Republicans represent the wide open door and the well-filled dinner-pail. —*Buffalo News.*

THE BRYAN SNEER AT HISTORY.

From the New York Sun.

Bryan is either fundamentally ignorant of his country's history or he is shamefully trying to mislead public sentiment. He accuses the Republicans of being in the wrong and revolutionary in buying the inhabitants of the Philippines at so much per head, although there have in the past been five great national purchases of the same nature, chiefly under Democratic presidents.

In 1803 Jefferson paid $15,000,000 for Louisiana. That was a higher price per head, if the bargain is to be so described, than was given for the Filipinos.

In 1819 General Jackson gave $5,000,000 for Florida. This also exceeded Philippine quotations.

In 1848 President Polk paid $18,250,000 for New Mexico and California.

In 1853 President Pierce paid $10,000,000 for the Gadsden territory.

In 1867 President Johnson paid $7,200,000 for Alaska.

In all prior to the purchase of the Philippines, we paid about $56,000,000 for new territory, in none of which was the inhabitants' consent to be governed ever asked for, and in none of which, when consent was forcibly refused, did the authority of the United States fail to be upheld by the occupant of the White House and the military forces under his command.

The Democratic assault upon the present administration, which is following bravely in the footsteps of its illustrious predecessors, in expanding American territory, is a dastardly pretense, without the shadow of historical justification. To the Bryanites it is a mask for free silver. To faithless Gold Democrats it is a mask for Bryanism.

Development of Porto Rico.

San Juan De Porto Rico, Sept.—10 Governor Allen returned to San Juan Friday, after a week's tour through the mountainous regions of the island. He found considerable crops on the rice and corn plantations, but little coffee. The people expressed themselves as anxious for work and as ready to build roads. Governor Allen returned with the conviction that, if properly encouraged, the portions of the island that he visited are capable of wonderful development.

—"Guilty in manner and form as indicted." This was the verdict returned by the Jury against Samuel Hazlett, of Washington, Pa. For the second time the aged banker is found guilty of embezzlement as a banker.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.

From the Chicago Record.

Here are the Presidential tickets for 1900 that thus far have been formally placed in nomination:

Republican—For President, William McKinley, of Ohio; for Vice President, Theodore Roosevelt, of New York.

Democratic—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

Silver Republican—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

Fusion Populist—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; Adlai E. Stevenson, of Illinois.

Mid-Road Populist—Wharton Barker, of Pennsylvania; Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota.

Prohibition—John J. Woolley, of Illinois; Henry B. Metcalf, of Rhode Island.

Social Democrats—Eugene V. Debs, of Indiana; Job Harriman, of California.

Social Labor—Joseph F. Malloney, of Massachusetts; Valentine Remmell, of Pennsylvania.

United Christian—J. F. R. Leonard, of Iowa; Charles M. Sheldon, of Kansas.

Anti-Imperialist—William J. Bryan, of Nebraska; no indorsement.

National—Donaldson Caffery, of Louisiana; Archibald M. Howe, of Massachusetts.

National Union Reform—Seth Ellis, of Ohio; Samuel T. Nicholson, of Pennsylvania.

War in School.

A spirit of unrest disturbs many school boards over the state this year, and the members in some cases are guilty of conduct that, if they were boys, would be promptly punished. At Carbondale last week a disgraceful scene was enacted at the opening of the public schools, two factions of the school board coming together in a free fight in the presence of 200 pupils. The fracas resulted in the arrest of two of the directors and the principal. Ex-principal of the Carbondale schools, H. J. Hockenberry, was elected to a position on the school board last spring, and when he and Mr. Bryden, the newly chosen principal, came together the morning the school opened, trouble began. In the melee the secretary of the board and several of the students were hurt. A fine example of order to set the schools.

Father Jumped, Neck Broken.

A sad story comes from Costello, James Field had loaded his household goods on a car to take them to Cowley Run. Field, his wife and three children climbed on top of the load. The train broke in two on a grade, and Field, taking two of the children in his arms, shouted to his wife to take the other one and jump. Then he leaped and landed on the ground with a broken neck. Mrs. Field stuck to the car and was buried in debris, but a bed tick saved her, the child escaping with a broken arm. The other children were unhurt, but were found with their arms about their dead father's neck.

Probably few people who live in rented houses knew that their chattels can be seized and sold for school taxes due upon the property they occupy. The tenant has an opportunity, however, to square himself with his delinquent landlord. Under an act of assembly the tenant can deduct the taxes paid by him from the rent due, and the production of his tax receipt is a valid discharge of the rent to that amount. In this manner the renter can protect his personal property from levy and sale to pay taxes which his landlord has failed to settle.

—Lock Haven very wisely has declined to become interested in an industry affording employment to about 200 hands, mostly girls, that is seeking a site. They prefer industries offering employment to men rather than women. Lock Haven has a silk mill giving work to many girls and they possibly have learned that their town would benefit morally and financially were the establishment to give employment to half that number of men.

—The employes of the mills at Austin, Potter county, have been on a strike for a week. The men want ten hours a day and pay every two weeks. Heretofore the men worked eleven hours and were paid once a month.

—The Postmaster General has received a communication from F. W. Vaille, Director of Posts in the Philippines, showing that there will be a surplus of receipts over the expenditures up to June 30 of $19,449.

Doctor Yourself at Home.

Send for a free copy of Dr. Humphrey's Manual, giving treatment and cure of the sick in all ailments. Humphreys' Company, P. O. Box, 1810, New York.

—The Ancient Order of Hibernian membership, which heretofore has been confined to the United States and Canada will probably be extended so as to take in Argentine Republic and Mexico.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce the name of John K. Thompson, of Philipsburg, as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

ASSEMBLY.

We are authorized to announce the name of Samuel H. Diehl, of Bellefonte boro, as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

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improvement possible to make in your household is a

LONG DISTANCE
..TELEPHONE..

It protects your family in every way; it will do all the errands, call the physician, do the marketing in all kinds of weather, and save the health and temper of every member of the family.

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Call at Office of Manager, or telephone and he will call on you.

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Real estate conveyancing and the placing of loans made a specialty.

Valuable Town and Country property for rent.

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Loans negotiated in large and small amounts.

Rents promptly collected and property cared for.

If you have a Farm or Town Property for sale or rent place it in their hands.

If you wish to rent a farm or house consult them.

If you wish to borrow money call on them.

OFFICE:
No. 3 EAST HIGH ST.
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Guyer Hats are here

No Name Hats are here

Snellenburg's Clothing is here

Widow Jones Clothing is here

Mrs. Jane Hopkins Clothing is here

Howell, Stein & Co.'s and Louis Auerbach's Neckwear is here

In fact, most of our Fall and Winter Stock is opened for inspection and Sale at the *new prices.*

MONTGOMERY & CO.
Leading Clothiers.

A PATRIOTIC SCHEME.

JERICHO WAS FOR HAVING A DECORATION DAY PARADE.

Pap Perkins, Postmaster, Tells How Horatio Sparrow Sprung the Idea on the Town and How Lish Billings Gave It Its Deathblow.

[Copyright, 1900, by C. B. Lewis.]

It was about a week before last Decoration day that Horatio Sparrow come into the postoffice lookin as if he had sunthin on his mind, and as soon as he got the chance he whispered to me:

"Don't say nuthin to a livin soul, pap, but I'm comin around here tonight and shake the town of Jericho from center to circumference."

"In what way?" said I.

"Never you mind, pap. You jest git ready to feel the airth tremble, and tomorrow mornin you kin put $200 more value on your house and lot."

Horatio is a man who never gits excited when he wakes up and finds a cow in his garden, and I felt quite sure he had sunthin big on hand. He must hev told about 50 other people what he did me, as there was a big crowd at the postoffice at 7 o'clock in the evenin, and all expected to hear big news. Deacon Spooner took charge of things, as usual, and as the crowd got impatient he said.

"It is understood, feller citizens, that Horatio Sparrow is goin to launch a thunderbolt here tonight, and it is with

FOREMAN OF THE FIRE COMPANY

more than ordinary interest that I call the meetin to order. Stand out, Horatio, and let's hear all about it."

Horatio stood out. He looked pale, but determined. He'd bin thinkin fur a week of what he was goin to say, and he started off as smooth as grease.

"The drums are beatin a wild alarm. There is a wavin of flags, a marchin of men and a wailin of women and children. War is upon the land. The life of a nation is at stake. It is an hour when men are called upon to give up their lives fur the sake of principle."

"By John, but that's flowery language!" exclaimed the deacon as Horatio paused. "If Horatio kin keep it up fur an hour; I'm fur 'lectin him to the next legislature."

"The farmer leaves his plow," continued Horatio, "the merchant his store and the mechanic his bench. They march away to find the enemy and fight him and die. Yes; they yield up their lives that we may live on in peace, and if we forgit the sacrifice we ought to wither away like a burdock in November."

"Gentleman," said the deacon as the applause had subsided, "up to the present minit Horatio Sparrow has knocked the socks off'n Henry Clay as an orator, and I am proud to know that he is a citizen of Jericho. Anything more, Horatio?"

"I jest want to call your attention to the fact that Jericho has never had a Decoration day parade," replied the orator. "We hev never paraded and never decorated, and I say it's a burnin shame and ought to be remedied at once."

"By John, but that's a strong p'int!" shouted the deacon. "Hang me if Horatio ain't knockin things endways! No, sir; we've never had a parade nor decorated any graves, and we ought to be ashamed of ourselves. Is it your suggestion that we celebrate the day this year, Horatio?"

"That's my p'int, deacon."

"And it's as strong as a log chain. Yes, sir; we'll celebrate the day, and in order to make it a howlin success I'll agree to take charge of the parade."

"But I object to that," said Horatio. "Hevin originated this iden, I think it's fur me to ride on horseback at the head of the purcession."

There was a painful pause, and then Abner Jones, who was in fireman's uniform, jumped off the counter and said:

"There shouldn't be no jealousy about this thing. Horatio would look purty fine on his spotted horse, and the deacon would be no slouch in his cocked hat, but if there's to be any feelin over it I'll take the job off their hands. As I'm foreman of the fire company it comes in my line anyhow."

"I don't propose to give up my rights fur nobody," said Horatio.

"And I'm thinkin I'm the man to boss things," added the deacon.

"I don't want to charge anybody with hevin too much cheek," said Squar Henshaw, "but it do look a leetle strange to me to see the way certain folks want to crowd to the front on public occasions. If there is a purcession, it's got to be headed by a man who knows how to boss things and can't be rattled. I bossed the parade the last time we had a Fourth of July, and you may remember that the newspapers said I managed it better than any we ever had."

"I'll allow that the squar did fairly well," said Enos Williams as he shut up his jackknife and got off the sugar bar'l, "but there are several other folks in this town of Jericho. For instance, I'm here myself. When anything has happened durin the last 20 years I've bin pushed behind the currant bushes, as it was, and some one else has carried off the honors. I'm comin to the front on this occasion or know the reason why."

"Why, Enos, you don't purtend that you kin boss a purcession, do you?" asked the deacon.

"Of course I kin. Why not?"

"It appears to me," said Silas Lapham as he stood out and rubbed his hands together, "that we are not workin in complete harmony in this matter. It will be the event of the century. It will be known from Maine to California that Jericho has had a Decoration day, and there will be thousands of inquiries fur real estate. Let us sacrifice any selfish interests as individuals and work to make the affair a gineral success."

"That's powerful good advice," said the deacon as he rapped on the stove with his cane—"powerful good. I allus stand ready to sacrifice, and I hope the rest of you do. Any further p'int, Silas?"

"You may call it a p'int or not," said Silas, "but bein there seems to be a controversy here I think it better be settled by selectin me to boss things. I don't want it because I'm proud and want to show off, but purely in the interests of harmony."

"I'll never surrender my rights!" said Horatio Sparrow.

"Nor me!" added Deacon Spooner.

"Nor me!" yelled Abner Jones and Squar Henshaw in chorus.

It was evident that the meetin was on the p'int of breakin up in a row when Lish Billings come saunterin in as calm as could be. The deacon seen him and called out:

"Feller patriots, before this meetin breaks up in a row that will send the price of Jericho real estate down to 50 per cent and put our civilizashun back 50 years let's hear what Lish Billings has to say about it."

"What's the question?" asked Lish.

"About Decoration day. Shall we decorate?"

"Decorate what?"

"Why, the soldiers' graves."

"I don't see how you are goin to do it," said Lish as he scratched his ear. "So fur as I know or hev bin able to find out, nobody from Jericho ever went to war. It tharfore follers that no Jericho man was ever killed. It follers, ag'in, that you might look the graveyard over fur a month and not find a soldier's grave to decorate. 'Pears to me that you'd better git yer grave fust."

Two minits later Lish was the only man left in the postoffice. It was as he had said—thar was nuthin to decorate, and all the blowin had bin fur nuthin.

M. QUAD.

HAS A VARIED CLIMATE.

Curious Meteorological Conditions of the Island of Saghalien.

Saghalien, off the eastern coast of Siberia, presents a very curious anomaly of climate. The island is bathed by two cold ocean currents, and in winter nothing protects it against the icy northwest winds coming from Siberia. At the sea level the snow falls continually and stays on the ground till the end of May, and the seashore is very cold. Farther inland, however, especially as we go higher up, the climate is modified—just the opposite to what is observed elsewhere. It has often been observed in Siberia and in central Europe that in winter the cold is greater in the plains and the valleys and that the highlands have a sensibly milder temperature; it is as if the denser cold air accumulated in the lowlands.

The cold air accumulates in the low regions of the island, and on the coast the higher regions have a more elevated temperature. So it happens that the lower parts have an arctic vegetation, while the intermediate altitudes have the vegetation of a temperate zone, sometimes subtropical. The birch, the pine, the fir, abound in the low regions and form often impenetrable forests, but toward the center of the island appear bamboos, hydrangeas, azalias and other plants that one is greatly surprised to meet, and whose presence can be explained only by the altogether abnormal climatic conditions of the island.—Newcastle (Eng.) Chronicle.

A Lincoln Story.

The Rev. Mr. Alcott of Elgin, Ills., one of Abraham Lincoln's Springfield acquaintances, tells of seeing him coming away from church unusually early one Sunday morning. "The sermon could not have been more than half way through," says Mr. Alcott. "His son, 'Tad,' was slung across his left arm like a pair of saddlebags, and Lincoln was striding along with long and deliberate steps toward home.

"On one of the street corners he encountered a group of his fellow townsmen. Lincoln anticipated the question which was about to be put by the group, and, taking his figure of speech from practices with which they were only too familiar, said, 'Gentlemen, I entered this colt, but he kicked around so I had to withdraw him.'"

Different Breaths.

Down in southern Georgia two widows were condoling with each other over their troubles. In telling of the last sickness and death of their husbands, one said:

"My man, poor feller, jes' suffered and suffered and suffered, and then jes' died for the want of breath."

The other replied:

"Waal, mine didn't. He drawed his breath to the very last."—Argonaut.

In proportion to population, North Berwick is said to be the wealthiest town in Scotland. It has an annual value of real property per inhabitant of about $60.

Japanese swords have the high temper of the famous Damascus blades without their wonderful flexibility.

SURE SIGN OF DEATH.

ONE SIMPLE TEST THAT, IT IS ALLEGED, NEVER FAILS.

A Physician Who Says He Has Tried It In More Than a Thousand Cases Explains His Method of Preventing Premature Burial.

The question of an absolutely sure sign of death has troubled mankind from ancient times. It has been most variously answered, but never to entire satisfaction. The difficulties we meet with are: First, that not all organs of the body die in one moment, and second, that the action of some of the vital organs may be so diminished that by ordinary means it appears almost impossible to decide whether the life in them is in fact extinct or not.

The actual causes of physiological death are three: First, cessation of brain function; second, cessation of respiration or failure of the lungs; third, failure of the heart.

The first, involving immediate death of the central or animal nervous system only, is not at once followed by the inactivity of the peripheral nervous system and its special so called vegetative centers, as long ago was demonstrated by Brown-Sequard, Schiff and others. So the lungs may continue to contract and expand, the heart may continue to beat, even if with greatly diminished power. We know further that the life of the skin is not extinct. Hair and nails continue to grow, the stomach continues to digest, the liver to secrete bile, etc. Respecting the second cause of death, we well know that respiration may cease for quite awhile if the brain is not affected and the circulation not interrupted. And of the third cause, by heart failure, the same may be said. So we see that we may speak of true, absolute physiological death only after the cessation of function of the three organs together or at least of two of them, the lungs and the heart, without the life action of which the brain certainly cannot operate.

Now, as regards respiration, we have very simple means to demonstrate its cessation. So remains, in fact, as the only one to show its true death the heart. This to prove indeed with absolute certainty is quite a difficult problem. Upon the absence therefore of any and all traces of circulation in the body have been concentrated most experiments. And as regards the same we have to take into consideration that by disease the heart beats might be diminished to but so few faint pulsations per minute, might become so imperceptible, that without the aid of special instruments and long continued observations nothing of their existence may be detected.

In the following I shall give the simple means by which any person easily enough may convince himself of the absence or presence even of the slightest traces of circulation:

If we ligate tight a member of the body—best, for example, a finger between the first and second joint—in the living we will soon notice, beginning almost at once, a reddish coloration of the portion above the ligature. It becomes darker and darker red and finally assumes a dark bluish red color. The entire upper portion will be thus affected, and only directly around the ligature there will be a small, colorless, white ring. Now, as sure as this discoloration will be observed in the living being, as sure will all traces of it be absent in the dead. The bluish discoloration occasionally observed of and around the finger nails in some corpses is of no influence upon, nor does it interfere in the slightest with, the phenomenon and its correct interpretation.

The phenomenon of course is easily enough explained in the living by the stagnation of the blood in the veins and the capillaries when a new supply through the arteries and the backflow through the veins is cut off by the ligature. The white ring around the latter is produced by the partial arterial, partial venous anæmia.

In place of a finger, if, as it at times may happen, the skin seems too thick and horny to show the phenomenon plainly, though this will but seldom occur, one may use the toes, the earlaps, even the tip of the nose, if desired. The member must be only thin enough in order to make the ligature as tight and perfect as possible.

I have used this means in about 1,030 to 1,040 cases previous to post mortem examinations.

In one case only I observed the mentioned discoloration, though it was impossible to notice any heart action by any means. I at once resorted to venesection, and, sure enough, the blood flowed, and after a short time faint heart beats up to seven per minute could be distinguished. Everything was done to start respiration. Yet it was too late, and the heart beats within half an hour gradually diminished. The corpse had been lying for dead for over two hours.—Dr. Theodore Deecke in Utica Press.

A Lesson.

At a lesson in a medical college the other day one of the students, who was by no means a dullard, was asked by the professor, "How much is a dose of ——?" (giving the technical name of a strong poison).

"A teaspoonful," was the reply.

The professor made no comment, but the student, a quarter of an hour later, realized that he had made a mistake, and straightway said:

"Professor, I want to change my answer to that question."

"It's too late, sir," responded the professor curtly, looking at his watch. "Your patient has been dead 14 minutes."—London Telegraph.

No matter how bright and sensible a man is, if the gossips discover he is going crazy, the world remarks that he will not have far to go.—Atchison Globe.

TURN ON YOUR BACK.

When Exhausted Swimming, Face Upward and You Will Drift Ashore.

A guest at my summer place a few miles from Pablo while bathing was carried out to sea, and when almost out of sight and all hope had fled, to our surprise, we suddenly saw his body impelled forcibly toward us. Then we saw it recede a few feet, and then again, as it were, shoot 20 feet toward the shore. This continued until my son and myself, at last able to reach him, bore him insensible to the beach.

After recovery his story was that after losing all hope, guided by some mysterious impulse, he had turned upon his back, when he felt himself carried rapidly forward. He had then turned over upon his face to get his bearings, when he was carried out farther from the land, and on again placing himself upon his back the surface waves brought him rapidly to the shore, a rescued man.

It is an error that the drowning man is attacked by cramp except in very cold weather. He drowns from heart failure, induced by the violent exertion and the upward pressure of the water upon the abdomen diminishing the space and impeding the action of the heart. By turning over on the back this pressure is removed, the back being almost entirely a strong wall of bone and muscle; also when on the back the entire body is nearer the surface, and the surface waves tend toward the shore, the undercurrent out to sea, even the legs when upon the back being less exposed to the current that tends toward the sea. By floating gently upon the back the heart, relieved of its pressure, becomes calm and quiet, and the swimmer can regain his strength and float for hours. The bather whose heart is weak should always present, when standing erect, the right side of the body to the waves and thus avoid the Sullivanlike blows of the incoming waves upon a crippled heart. In every bathhouse should be posted the injunction, "In case of exhaustion or accident turn upon the back."—Jacksonville Metropolis.

CHINESE MECHANICAL SKILL

A Wonderful Example of Imitative Excellence.

Whatever may be his lack of moral perception and originality of idea, the heathen Chinee certainly excels in imitative power, and is often very much alive to the excellence of mechanical devices that he never saw before. In The American Machinist Oberlin Smith affords an illustration of this fact.

Some years ago Mr. Smith sent Henry A. Janvier to China to assist in the erection and operation of coining plants for brass and silver currency. One of the tools which Mr. Janvier took with him was a micrometer caliper, made by a well known firm in the United States, and capable of detecting differences of a thousandth of an inch in the thickness of a piece of metal. The superintendent of one of the shops which Mr. Janvier established was named Wai, and he proved a very intelligent fellow. During an interval of about six weeks he borrowed the caliper almost daily, and was rather tardy in returning it.

Finally he exhibited to the American a reproduction of the instrument which was perfect except in one respect. Certain tables of figures stamped into the steel by the Yankee maker of the original were omitted from the copy, and in their place were several Chinese characters. The imitation had been made with the rudest of tools, but was a marvel of accuracy. Mr. Wai proposed an exchange to Mr. Janvier, and the latter agreed to the proposition.—New York Tribune.

The Correct Stroke In Swimming.

The correct stroke of the legs is exactly like that of a frog's hind legs. Watch one of these frogs and copy his style. You cannot do better. The legs are drawn up together slowly, not with a jerk, until they are gathered in close under the body. Then with a sudden, quick spring they are shot out behind, the ankles being turned so that the soles of the fee present as flat a surface as possible to the water and so offer more resistance from which to make progress. As the kick is made the legs should be spread out in the shape of a letter V, but not allowed to sink far down under the surface of the water. If they kick downward at an angle instead of out straight behind much of their energy is wasted in unnecessarily forcing the body out of the water instead of forward through it.—Harper's Bazar.

Absorbs All Knowledge.

Farming has this peculiarity, that it can absorb and supply all knowledge. Not one of the sciences but is related, or may be related, to agriculture. Botany, rightly understood, is the art of growing better potatoes, beans and corn. Entomology is that economic science that discusses what bugs are of use to man and what are injurious. Geology is an analysis of the soils and rocks that underlie the soils for the purpose of making them more available for human warfare.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Didn't Need Credit.

"You've sent your boy to college, I hear," remarked the neighbor. "Well, I hope he will acquit himself with credit."

"He won't need to, begosh!" said Mr. Gaswell, somewhat irritated. "I'm able to supply him with the cash right straight along."—Chicago Tribune.

Regretted.

"I might have known better than to trust my money to that broker."

"Why so? Are appearances against him?"

"No, confound him! It's his disappearance."—Brooklyn Life.

"FORGETTIN."

The night when last I saw my lad
His eyes were bright and wet.
He took my two hands in his own,
"'Tis well," says he, "we're met;
Asthore machree, the likes o' me
I bid ye now forget."

Ah, sure, the same's a thrifflin thing;
'Tis more I'd do for him!
I mix'd the night I promised well,
Away on Ballandim,
An every little while or so
I thry forgettin Jim.

It shouldn't take that long to do,
An him not very tall;
'Tis quare the way I'll hear his voice,
A boy that's out o' call,
An whiles I see him stand as plain
As e'er a six foot wall.

Och, never fear, my jewel!
I'd forget ye now this minute,
If I only had a notion
O' the way I should begin it,
But first and last it isn't known
The heap o' throuble's in it.

Myself began the night ye went
An hasn't done it yet;
I'm nearly fit to give it up,
For where's the use to fret?
An the morning's fairly spoilt on me
Wid mindin to forget.

—Moira O'Neill.

THE KING WAS BETTER.

But the Doctor Got Little Credit For His Efforts.

A story illustrating the good sense and humor of the late King Humbert is told at the expense of his physician, Dr. Saglione. Sometimes the king, from his hunting lodge of Castle Fusano went to the sea and amused himself by shoveling sand into a cart. "Take care, your majesty," said Saglione one day, "not to perspire too much." "Ah, my dear Signor Doctor," answered the king, resting his chin on his two hands that grasped the handle of his spade, "this muscular exercise does me much more good than your prescriptions." "Yes, but one must abuse nothing." "But I tell you that I feel very well, and you are afraid you see in this poor shovel a competitor." And, laughing heartily, the king finished filling his cart.

However, by exposing himself in every way without exercising any care, the king contracted bronchitis, which took a chronic form and gave him a rather troublesome cough. This cough was a source of anxiety to the faithful doctor, as he could not convince his patient of the necessity for taking medicine. Occasionally the doctor was even sent away abruptly by the king, who would say, "I have not called you. Why did you come? You may go. I thank you very much."

One evening, however, the doctor thought he had gained his point, and he prepared for the king in his bedroom the powders he was to take during the night. The next morning Dr. Saglione rose very early, being very anxious to know the effect of his medicine. He was received in the bedroom and at once asked, "Well, how does your majesty feel this morning?"

"Much better—I may say quite well," was the response.

"Ah," observed the doctor, rubbing his hands with satisfaction, "you see the results of listening to reason."

"What do you mean?" asked the king.

"The powders!"

"Bravo!" shouted Humbert. "Go into the next room and see what you can find."

The powders were in the waste paper basket.

Such Is Fame.

"There is bound to be a fly in the honey," said the disconsolate looking citizen. "There's always some small circumstance that prevents joy from being complete."

"What is the trouble now?"

"The leading paper of my community printed my picture the other day."

"That was nice."

"And it said that I was one of the people whom everybody knew; that my fame was such that it had spread beyond the confines of my native city and was carrying light into the regions beyond."

"Splendid!"

"Then they got a bit rushed in the office and put my friend Wiggins' name under my picture."

"That was a little unfortunate."

"It isn't the worst. Not a soul noticed it except my wife. And all she said was that she didn't think it looked much like Wiggins!"—Washington Star.

Disappointed.

A young man of this city rang up a lady acquaintance of his in Court street some days ago, but instead of her answering the phone herself her elder sister did so. The young man recognized the difference at once and said in a suave, mellow voice:

"Won't you please deliver a message to Miss Clara?"

Delighted at the prospect of carrying a message that might result in giving her some insight into the relation that existed between her sister and the young man at the other end of the line, she answered:

"Why, certainly, with the greatest of pleasure."

"Well, tell her to come to the phone."—Memphis Scimitar.

Four Good Habits.

There are four good habits—punctuality, accuracy, steadiness and dispatch. Without the first of these time is wasted. Without the second, mistakes the most hurtful to our own credit and interest and that of others may be committed. Without the third, nothing can be well done, and without the fourth opportunities of great advantage are lost, which it is impossible to recall.

Shakespeare, among his many allusions to the sweetness, the innocence and the helplessness of the lamb, only once cites it as an article of food.

The Lombards introduced the custom of charging interest for the use of money.

A TIP FOR THE JOKERS.

Curious Man Wants to Know About Mingling of Languages.

"It's a funny thing," said the man with the bad cigar, who had been reading day before yesterday's paper.

"What's that?" asked the young man with the phenomenally short coat.

"Why, the way these fellows that write jokes for newspapers get things tangled up," replied the first speaker.

"How is that?" asked the long legged young man.

"Why, look here," continued the man with the bad cigar warmly. "Did you ever read a Dutch joke in the papers where two Germans are supposed to be talking to each other?"

"Sure I did," said the tall young man, yawning languidly.

"Well, did you ever notice that every time the guy that wrote the joke has them jabbering at each other in broken English? What do you think of this?" He picked up the paper again and after hunting a few moments read as follows:

"Leberwurst—Heinrich, vy iss it ven you bock beer drink yet that you vant to yump alretty?

"Schwarzkoppen—Maypie it iss vonce because die beer is mit hops filled up. No?

"Now, that's a good thing, isn't it?" went on the man with the bad cigar. "If those two Germans wanted to talk to each other, do you suppose they would amble around in broken English? No; they would spiel it out in German that they both understand. Suppose you and I were in Germany for a visit and I wanted to tell you about some sight I had seen, would I try to tell you in bum German that neither of us could speak or would I talk English? They make me tired."

"But that would spoil the joke," protested the tall young man.

"Huh!" snorted the other. "Some things are too bad to spoil."

And then the incident was considered closed.—Chicago Chronicle.

A UNIQUE STATE.

Texas Has Paid Allegiance to the Flags of Six Nations.

Scarcely another state in the union has as remarkable and interesting a history as Texas. In one respect at least it occupies a unique position in the history of American states. Since its discovery six different governments have at different times claimed its allegiance, and as many different flags have waved over it, those of France, Spain, Mexico, independent Texas, the United States and the Confederate states.

The foundations of Texas statehood were not laid as a British colony, nor under the grant or control of the British crown, as were those of the original thirteen states. Its first settlement dates back more than 200 years, and its first American colonists went there under terms and conditions imposed by a foreign state, to whose language, laws and institutions they were total strangers. There never was, there never could be, any sympathy between these first American colonists and the Mexican government under the old regime. Separated by vast wildernesses from the people of the United States, and unaided save by the individual efforts of sympathizing brethren therein, these colonists declared their independence, established it with the sword, and for nine years maintained a stable republic.

Texas was neither purchased nor conquered for the union. Annexation to the United States was accomplished through a treaty made by Texas representatives and ratified by the free suffrage of the citizens. No other state in the Union has had such varied experience or sailed through such stormy seas into the haven of peace and prosperity.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

The Professor's Prophecy Failed.

While a student at Harvard university Phillips Brooks was walking in the yard one day with a professor, who asked him what he intended making of himself.

"I am thinking of the ministry," answered the youth.

"Then banish such thoughts," said the professor earnestly. "Your manner of speech would forever bar you from being successful in that calling."

Many years later, when Phillips Brooks was one of the world's great pulpit orators, the most expert stenographer in England took down one of his sermons and said:

"Any stenographer who thinks he has conquered fast talkers should try Phillips Brooks."—Ladies' Home Journal.

He Was Fresh.

"Have you any nice fresh eggs today?" asked the woman with businesslike ways.

"Madam," answered the man, who has just started in the grocery business, "permit me to remind you that nice eggs are necessarily fresh and fresh eggs are always nice. Moreover, if I have any, I have them today. My possession of eggs yesterday or tomorrow does not in the slightest degree affect the situation. Therefore, time being precious to a business man, I will simply content myself with replying that I have nice eggs."—Washington Star.

Oregon.

In the date of admission Oregon is one of the oldest states beyond the Mississippi, entering the Union in 1859. It was the first new state to have the political honor of naming the vice presidential candidate (Joseph Lane) for one of the great parties in the first year of its statehood.

Ignorance Everywhere.

Ignorance is everywhere. In Boston there are persons who don't know a symphony from a sonata and in Chicago persons who don't know a prime ox from a canner.—Detroit Journal.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Made Superintendent of a Big Establishment.

Frank Bassett who has been for some time assistant superintendent of the Pennsylvania Steel Co's., big plant at Sparrows Point, Md., has been made Superintendent of the works. Mr. Bassett is a son-in-law of Rev. Jas. P. Hughes of this place and will be remembered as chemist for the Centre Iron Co., when they operated the Valentine furnace some few years ago. Mr. Bassett has worked hard for the high position he has attained and his many friends in Bellefonte will be pleased to learn of his success.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Against Revision.

The Presbytery of Westminster, on Thursday, in the Middle Octoraro church, Lancaster county, by a vote of 27 to 7, recorded its opposition to a revision of the Confession of Faith.

It is foolish to call the Philippine army a "standing" one. It is anything but that.

Hacking

There is nothing so bad for a cough as coughing. It tears the tender membrane of the throat and lungs, and the wounds thus made attract the germs of consumption. Stop your cough by using the family remedy that has been curing coughs and colds of every kind for over sixty years. You can't afford to be without it.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

loosens the grasp of your cough. The congestion of the throat and lungs is removed; all inflammation is subdued; and the cough drops away.

Three sizes: the one dollar size is the cheapest to keep on hand; the 50c. size for coughs you have had for some time; the 25c. size for an ordinary cold.

"For 15 years I had a very bad cough. The doctors and everybody else thought I had a true case of consumption. Then I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and it only took a bottle and a half to cure me."
F. MARION MILLER,
Oct. 28, 1898. Camden, N.Y.

Write the Doctor. If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice write the Doctor freely. Address
DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Vaccination Not Mandatory.

The school directors and parents of this city will be interested in an opinion that was filed by Judge Fanning at Towando, Pa., Monday. It was in the case of the commonwealth vs E. L. Smith, and states that the compulsory education law and the act requiring vaccination come into conflict. Smith declined to have his son vaccinated, and the boy was refused admission to the school. The school board brought a prosecution and recovered two dollars, the penalty for non-attendance.

Judge Fanning's opinion reverses this judgment, holding that the vaccination law is not mandatory, but optional, and that Smith did all the law required in sending his son to school, although he was refused admission. This is the first decision in the state where the two acts come into conflict.

Lost Twenty-four Hours.

ROME, Sept. 6.—The two American tourists lost for more than 24 hours in the catacombs were found yesterday. They were exhausted when rescued.

The two young men came here from the University at Eichstadt, Germany. Their names are unknown. They were among a party of foreign students attending the international Catholic congress who paid a visit to the catacombs. Somehow they became separated from the guide who conducted the visitors through the maze of underground paths and passages. When they were missed a search was at once started, but no trace of them could be found.

Overcome in a Well.

WASHINGTON, Pa., Sept. 6.—James Suppler, sinking a well for V. L. Carson, at West Alexander, descended into the 20-foot hole before the smoke cleared away after a blast and was overcome. A rope was let down and he was drawn out. He staggered like a drunken man and finally sat down on the grass. A little later it was noticed that he was breathing hard and verging on unconsciousness. Dr. Scott was summoned and revived him after several hours' work. He is now much improved.

Vermont Gives About 31,000.

WHITERIVER JUNCTION, Vt., Sept. 6.—Returns from 239 cities and towns in the state, leaving only seven to be heard from, give Stickney, Republican, 47,876; Senter, Democrat, 15,842; all others, 1,273.

The same cities and towns in 1896 gave Grout, Republican, 53,024; Jackson, Democrat, 14,929; all others, 1,632. Stickney's plurality in these cities and towns is 32,034, and majority over all 30,761.

Still in the Field.

Samuel H. Diehl, of Bellefonte, who is a regularly announced candidate for the legislature, subject to the rules governing the Republican County Convention, desires to say to the public that he is still a candidate and will go before the convention on the 15th with such strength as a vigorous canvass will allow.

Brave Indian Chief Dead.

Telegrams from Pierre, S. D., announce the death of Chief Charger at his home near the Cheyenne agency. Charger was one of the party which helped to rescue white captives from the hostiles after the New Ulm massacre. The surviving members of the party are Swift Bird, Little No Heart, Fear Bear and White Swan. Three of them attended the funeral.

The Hen—A Dyspeptic Lay:

I do not mean the youthful chick, so tender,
plump and fat,
Who dies to feed the pampered maw of some
rich aristocrat;
I mean the biped, sere and old, of scrawney
shape and thin,
Whose battered feathers fail to hide her
weather-beaten skin;
I mean the lean and lanky fowl with long
and limber legs,
Who possibly might lay a brick, but who
never could lay eggs;
Who leaves the garden looking like a fierce
tornado's track,
And seeks the verdant flower bed and rips it
up the back.

I mean the antiquated bird, with Sarah Bernhardt fame,
Who might be boiled a week or two and still
remain the same;
Whose ligaments are far too tough for any
mortal jaw,
And make the keenest carving knife a rough
and ragged saw,
Yes, she's the subject of my song, the burden
of my lay,
Because, you see, our boarding house had
"chicken stew" today.
And, planted in my bosom thus, 'tis she inspires my pen,
The India-rubber, Dunlop type, or gutta-percha hen.
—Joe Lincoln in Austrian Agriculturist.

Wise and Otherwise.

The more a boy expects the less he seems to acquire.

Many people express opinions, but few form them.

The remedy of tomorrow is too late for the evil of today.

A smile through angry tears is a woman's rainbow of peace.

It never hurts the truly brave man if you call him a coward.

Babies are coupons of interest attached to the bonds of matrimony.

The needle you hunt for in a hay stack never pricks your finger.

Man's inhumanity to man enables the policeman to draw his salary.

The happiness of the husband often depends on his wife's disposition.

The oftener a man's idols are shattered the less he cares for divinities.

What the average man would like is a holiday the day after a holiday.

Many a young man finds it easier to get married than to get furniture.

If some people were not in debt they would have nothing to worry about.

Every old bachelor thinks it is the easiest thing in the world to manage a wife.

It is easier to love a poor girl than a rich one, because there is less competition.

Was It Answered?

During the Presidential campaign four years ago, the following verbatim report of a prayer was offered by a colored preacher, in all seriousness at Fairfax Court House, Virginia. Bryan did go into the colored man's State, he didn't do much harm, and in the November election he got the "stuffin'" knocked out of him and his fallacies. Was the colored preacher's prayer answered? Some of our exchanges must think so, for they have been reproducing this charateristic prayer, so like the colored man. We give it to our readers. It is too innocent to harm them. Read, laugh and take your hearty meal. Here is the prayer:

"O Lord, save this country from the hands of them who is tryin' to bust it up. Gives us plenty of work and good money for it, so as we can take care of our wives and children and buy good bread and meat and pay for it. We want to keep polyticks out of our churches and out of our prayermeetings, but we can't help askin' Thee to keep a lookout for that poor, miserable sinner, Bryan, who we hear, is comin' into this State, hand in hand with Satan. We ask thee, do not let him do no harm; and, if it ain't askin' too much, please forgive his sins that he is committin' every day, and then knock the stuffin' out of him next November."

The Bravery of Woman

Was grandly shown by Mrs. John Dowling, of Butler, Pa., in a three years' struggle with a malignant stomach trouble that caused distressing attacks of nausea and indigestion. All remedies failed to relieve her until she tried Electric Bitters. After taking it two months she wrote: "I am now wholly cured and can eat anything. It is truly a grand tonic for the whole system as I gained in weight and feel much stronger since using it. It aids digestion, cures dyspepsia, improves appetite, gives new life. Only 50c, Guaranteed at F. Potts Green's drug store.

Bryan the Prophet.

Two hundred local Republican paper in Kansas last week printed in their editorial colums under the heading: "His Prophecy," this statement made by William J. Bryan in 1896:

If McKinley and the Republican party are successful and put in power for the next four years, wages will be decreased, hard times will come upon us and over the land the price of wheat will go down and the price of gold will go up; mortgages on our homes will be foreclosed by the money lenders shops and factories will close. We will export no goods and we can import from foreign lands all the goods we use; thus will ruin, want and misery be with us."

The farmers of Kansas who have prospered beyond their fondest hopes are asked either to verify or contradict this prophecy.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

GRANGE ENCAMPMENT.

Train Schedule on Account of Grange Encampment and Exhibition at Grange Park, Centre Hall, Sept. 15–21.

Trains will leave Bellefonte Saturday and Monday for the Park, stopping at intermediate stations, at 6.40 a. m., 2.15 p. m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday trains leave Bellefonte for the Park, stopping at intermediate stations, at 6.40 a. m.; 10 a. m.; 2.15 p. m; 6 p. m.

Returning—Trains leave Grange Park for Bellefonte, stopping at intermediate stations, at 8 18 a. m; 3.30 p. m.; 6.45 p. m. 9.40 p. m.

Friday—Trains leave Bellefonte 6 40 a m; 2.15 p. m; stopping at intermediate stations. Returning will leave the Park at 8.18 a. m; 3.30 p. m.

Coburn and intermediate points—For Saturday Sept. 15, Monday and Tuesday Sept. 17 and 18, trains will leave Coburn for the Park at 7.50 a. m; and 3.02 p. m., stopping at intermediate points.

Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 19 and 20, trains will leave Coburn for the Park at 7.50 a. m., 10 a. m., 3.02 p. m., stopping at intermediate points.

Friday, Sept. 21, trains leave Coburn at 7.50 a. m.; 3 02 p. m.; stopping at intermediate stations.

Returning to Coburn—Saturday, Monday and Tuesday trains leave the Park for Coburn at 7 22 a. m., 3.02 p. m.

Wednesday and Thursday trains leave the Park for Coburn at 7.22 a. m; 3.02 p. m., 7 p. m., stopping at intermediate points.

Friday—Trains leave the Park for Coburn at 7.22 a. m., 3.02 p. m.

Trains from Sunbury—Trains will leave Sunbury for Grange Park every day at 5.10 a. m; 1.10 p. m., stopping at intermediate points on the Lewisburg & Tyrone R. R.

Returning, trains will leave the Park for Sunbury, every day during the encampment, at 7.22 a. m., 3.02 p. m. and Thursday, Sept. 20, a special will leave the Park for Sunbury at 7 p. m., stopping at intermediate points.

Additional trains will be run if necessary, to transport the people.

A one-fare excursion rate will be given the public daily, without card orders, beginning Saturday, Sept. 15, good to return until Sept. 22, and on card orders at regular excursion rates, good from Friday, Sept. 14, to Monday, Sept. 21, over the following roads:

Excursion tickets will be sold by the P. R. R. Co., on card orders over all its roads from Sept. 14 to 21, good to return until Sept. 21, inclusive.

The Penn'a. R. R. Co. will sell tickets to the public without card orders at one fare for the round trip, from Sept. 15 to 21, good to return on 22nd, over the P. R. R. from Lancaster and Harrisburg to Johnstown and intermediate points, over he Tyrone & Clearfield, Bald Eagle Valley, Snow Shoe, Northern Central, and P. & E. from York and Harrisburg to Renova and all intermediate points, including Shamokin and Hazleton, and over the Lewisburg & Tyrone Road.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

The Schenck Reunion.

The third Bi-yearly reunion of the Schenck families was held at Howard Thursday on the old homestead of the Rev. Michael J., Daniel and Frederick Schenck, who are all dead, several of the descendants from the west and of this state were present and had an enjoyable time The music was furnished by the Howard band which is one of the most proficient in the county. The Hon. John G. Love, of Bellefonte, made an eloquent and appropriate address and was followed by Rev. I. N. Bair and others. there was some very fine music rendered by the choir, and we must say that their leader, Mr. W. F. Hall deserves much credit.

During the day pictures were taken of the 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th generations of the family. The greater number of the decendants now living are of the fourth, fifth and sixth generations, and it is believed that there are two of the seventh generation.

The reunion exercises were presided over by David B. Schenck, and were held in the woods a short distance from the old homestead. There were present some eight hundred people, nearly all of whom were in the 'franchau."

In the afternoon a game of base ball was played in the field below the woods. Grove Bros. Post, No. 262 furnished refreshments on the ground. Taking it all in, all every body seemed to be shaking hands with their friends and having a good time. The next reunion of the Schenck family will be held at the same place some time in Sept. 1902,

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

—If you happen to be pugilistically inclined you should certainly keep some white bryony in your garden. Its pale yellow flowers and brilliant red berries will reward you for your labor. And if you make a decoction of the root it will cure a black eye like magic.

THE HATFIELD INQUEST.

Responsibility Not Yet Fixed—Engineer Seems To Have Been Careless.

SOME EVIDENCE TAKEN IN THE CASE

Rockhills Statements — Marching through the Palace of the Empress—Olney Fails to Register.

THEY SEARCH UP HIS VOTING RECORD

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7.—The inquest into the railroad accident at Hatfield last Sunday morning when thirteen persons were killed and more than fifty were injured, was begun Thursday by Coroner McGlathery, of Montgomery county at Landsdale, three miles from the scene of the wreck. Most of the morning session was taken up with the examination of residents of Hatfield to determine whether the fog on the morning of the accident was sufficient to have entirely obscured the view of the engineer on the excursion train. All said there was more or less fog.

William Munbauer, the engineer in charge of the milk train which was run into by the excursion train, stated positively that he had orders that the excursion train was to pass him at Landsdale, where his train would have been sidetracked. He was certain that the collision occured within half a minute after he came to a stop at Hatfield.

The afternoon session was the one about which most interest centered, for the important testimony was then taken.

Charles R. Wilde, yardmaster at Bethlehem, was the first to be called. From his evidence the coroner tried to determine the condition of the engineer of the special and where he had spent the night preceding the wreck. Wilde had nothing of value to offer in this respect.

Frank T. Heller, the night operator at Bethlehem, then explained that the special had the right of way over everything except the milk train. There was no fog at Bethlehem, he said.

Of all the evidence heard, that of Jas. R. Benner, railroad watchman at Souderton, was the most important. Benner said the milk train passed at 6.52. He immediately placed the large red flag in the centre of the track. This meant "danger ahead." Not two minutes after the special came along and Benner distinctly saw Engineer Davis wave his arm as a signal to take the flag away. Then Benner did, thinking that the train would immediately slow down. The train was then going at the rate of forty miles an hour. There was some fog, but he saw the train when it was 200 feet away. The engineer did not slacken his speed, but went ahead boldly.

D. B. Beidler, an operator at Souderton testified that Sunday was his day off, but that he had been asked to assist Ritter, the night operator, and M. D. Zandt, the station agent, for an hour or so in the early morning. The milk train arrived at Souderton at 6:50 and left at 6:52. It was then four minutes late. It was only about five seconds afterwards, he said, that he saw the special approaching.

The night man was seated at the instrument and was communicating with Philadelphia concerning the milk train. He did not think the special could be so near, so he had not yet pulled the rope which would have set the signal board. Beidler further said that the conductor of the milk train had asked where the special was. The latter was already a minute over due at Souderton, so should have been expected at any second. After Beidler had given his testimony the case was adjourned until this morning at 10:30.

AN INTERVIEW WITH MR. ROCKHILL.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The State Department has issued the following:

"A cablegram has been received from Mr. W. W. Rockhill, dated at Shanghai, Sept. 5, in which he authorizes the Department to deny emphatically and categorically the statements made in certain newspapers relating to an interview alleged to have been given by him. The only interview he has ever given related strictly to the circular of July 3. He states that no merchant vessel will sail from Shanghai for several days."

[The Associated Press interview with Mr. Rockhill, dated Shanghai, Sept. 2, was sent from Shanghai by cable after having been carefully prepared by a trusted staff correspondent of the Associated Press at present at Shanghai].

SHANGHAI, Sept. 7.—Mr. Wm. Woodville Rockhill, United States special commissioner in China, when questioned regarding his denial of statements made by him to a correspondent of the Associated Press and cabled to the United States from Shanghai last Sunday, said the State Department had cabled him regarding the interview and, as he considered the conversation personal, he had felt justified in replying that he had given no interview.

The correspondent of the Associated Press, on the occasion in question, visited Mr. Rockhill as a correspondent and for the purpose of inquiring whether, in Mr. Rockhill's opinion, Russia would withdraw from Pekin. As Mr. Rockhill did not request the correspondent to refrain from publishing his views, as expressed during the conversation, the correspondent thought he desired to have them made known.

MARCHING THROUGH THE IMPERIAL PALACE.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The State Department has made the following announcement:

"A telegram has been received from Minister Conger, dated Pekin, Sept. 1, stating that a military parade passed through the imperial palace on that day and that eunuchs and servants were the only occupants."

LOSES HIS VOTE.

BOSTON, Sept. 7.—A reporter called at the office of the Election Commissioners to ascertain if ex-Attorney General Richard Olney, who has come out for Bryan, had himself done the duty he so eloquently prescribed for others. This was the result:

Mr Olney is not yet on the voting list of 1900. Mr. Olney was not on the voting list of 1899, 1898, 1897 or 1896.

Back of this the commissioners did not have time to go, but there is a suspicion that Mr. Olney voted for Cleveland in 1892.

Prof Coles for September.

September in the main will prove a lovely month in America, as there will be 20 high, flood days.

The greatest danger from regular storm periods during the current month will be between the 5th and 11th, and the 17th and 23rd, and the greatest danger from these reactionary storm periods will be between the 1st and 4th, the 12th and 16th, and the 24th and 30th. The "harvest moon" falling this month from the 7th to the 11th, will have a great tendency to offset to considerable extent the terrible natural storm conditions that will exist at that time; as the planets Vulcan, Moon, Earth, Venus and Mars will all take part in this battle of the elements. Dwellers along the south seas, islands, gulf coast, Atlantic and Pacific coasts must watch out for hurricanes, tidal waves, and cyclones this month. Navigators on the Great Lakes must also watch out for destructive storms. The southern and western states may get more than their share of floods, tornadoes, etc. The beautiful planet Venus and the moon will be very near each other in the early morning of the 19th inst. This sight will be well worth one's time and attention to see. Strange electrical storms will be liable to appear in the eastern and middle states, and heat waves and cold waves will run to excess throughout the American continent. Watch out for strange lights in the northern skies; and strange appearing circles around the sun and the moon.

The planets are in the right position this month to favor American industry, and make the foreign countries feel like doing us all the harm they can. Another comet is headed for earth and will soon be sighted by the great telescopes. Meteors will fall to earth in many places and cause great consternation. Fever epidemics will increase in virulence; and the plague germs may again attack the American coasts. Our president should be well guarded this month as the evil planetary influences will run mostly to the destruction of rulers. The sun spots will increase in number and cause great magnetical and electrical disturbances—interfering with the workings of all magnetic and electrical appliances. The "blood tappers" will appear again this month and cause the death of many cattle. Watch out for some new disease microbe to make its appearance this month as the planets are in the right position to send us a great new affliction. The Florida coast will receive affliction by wind and wave. Epidemics of scarlet fever and diphtheria will sweep over America.

The best days to perform surgical operations during the current month will be the 5th, 9th, 13th, 18th, 25th and 27th; and the next best days will be the 3rd, 12th, 17th, 26th and 28th. Always avoid the low ebb days for performing surgical operations as there is great danger in operating upon low ebb born persons at low ebb time. The best days of the whole month to fish will be the 8th, 13th and 27th and the next best days will be the 5th, 6th, 10th, 12th, 18th, 25th and 26th. Fish caught at any other time during the current month will not be in condition for man to eat. Fish caught in the same sign that you were born always act as poison to your system. The 5th, 8th, 13th and 27th will be very fortunate days for mankind in general. Everybody should avoid making any contracts on Friday, the 21st.

—George W. Youngson, census supervisor of Westmoreland county, has announced that the population of Westmoreland county will slightly exceed 158,000. The addition of an orphan's court judge, the creation of the office of county controller and the abolition of the office of county auditor depended upon the population reaching the 150,000 mark. The fee system of paying county officers will also be abolished. The gain in 1 years has been almost 46,000.

—There are now 220 looms in operation at the Lock Haven silk mill. There are 46 looms that have been set up but are not in operation. In addition to these there is room for upward of 50 more looms, which will complete the capacity of the mill. At present 2,500 yards of silk are made daily, and shipments to New York are made twice a week.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS.

Local Department.

Republican Primaries.

Pursuant to a call issued by County Chairman Wilbur F. Reeder, the Republican primaries for the boro of Bellefonte will be held next Saturday evening. The polls will open at 7 p. m., and close at 9 p. m. The different ward chairman have designated the following places for holding the primaries.

North Ward—In the Public building on Howard street.

South Ward—In the Arbitration room at the Court house.

West Ward—In the office of the Bellefonte REPUBLICAN on High street.

—Owing to repairs being made to the engine, the Salona quarries will suspend operations for a few days.

—On Wednesday Sept. 5th court awarded a subpoena and divorce, in the case of J. D. Barnhart, vs. Laura B. Barnhart.

—Mrs. Catherine Gates, wife of William Gates, of Rock Springs, died of heart trouble Monday morning at her home in that place.

—The Ladies Aid Society of the United Brethren church will hold a festival on the vacant lot near the P. R. R. passenger station next Saturday evening.

—Mail carrier Edward Woods, was taken sick last Thursday afternoon, and substitute carrier, Earl C. Tuten, is performing his duties at the post office.

Accidents come with distressing frequency on the farm. Cuts, bruises stings, sprains. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil relieves the pain instantly. Never safe without it.

—State Superintendent of Public Instructions, Nathan E. Schaeffer has appointed E. C. Shields, of DuBois, superintendent of the schools of Clearfield county, vice George W. Weaver, deceased.

"Little Colds." Thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds, cures big colds too, down to the very verge of consumption.

—The A. M. E. congregation celebrated its twelfth anniversary last Sunday with appropriate exercises. A deep spiritual interest was manifest in the services during the day. The excellent music rendered by the Bellefonte choir was highly appreciated and the congregation feels grateful to them for their services.—Tyrone *Times*.

—The Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist church will hold a "peach" social at the residence of C. K. Hicklen on East Logan street this Thursday evening. There will be peaches served in all known styles and other good things to eat. Everybody is invited and all will be made welcome and treated handsomely. Give the society the encouragement of your presence and your loose change. It will be gratefully appreciated.

—The Palace livery and boarding stables on Dunlap street, owned by Jesse Cox, changed hands on Saturday evening being purchased by Thos. A. Shoemaker, Jno. M. Dale, Jno. Shugert and John Blanchard. Mr. Cox received his money as soon as the bill of sale was made out, and Messrs. R. G. and W. V. Larimer took control of the place as managers. The building and ground belongs to the estate of the late Dr. Miller Stewart of Burnside township.

—About eighteen months ago while Parker Thompson, who lives in the Ridges about three miles north of Howard, was mending some harness, his little daughter in some way got a rivet in one of her nostrils. A search was made but of no avail, and it was thought that the rivet had passed down her throat. Some time afterward the child's head became affected and they began doctoring for catarrh. The trouble gradually grew worse and last Saturday when she gave a violent sneeze the rivet dropped out. The metal had caused inflammation and no doubt the child will now get better.

—Rev. Dr. R. Dubs, bishop of the United Evangelical church, of Chicago, on the way from Iowa to Centre county to attend a Bible conference at Millheim, missed his connecting train at noon and perforce remained in Tyrone Tuesday afternoon. He didn't have a lonesome half day, however, for he chanced upon Rev. Dr. J. A. Dunlap, and the meeting was a happy one as the two reverend gentlemen had been intimate friends many years ago. Bishop Dubs became Dr. Dunlap's guest for the afternoon. He is one of the most eloquent and scholarly ministers in this country.—Tyrone *Herald*

—It is announced that the Pennsylvania company will increase its force of detectives and special policemen in the effort to put a stop to the perennial peregrinations of the tramp fraternity. The tramp, like the thistle, is bound to grow and increase in numbers, and all that has been done so far at great expense by the railroads of this country to keep him off the steel highways has been of little avail in so far as results are concerned. All that the tramp wants is in jail, and as he cannot get a severer sentence than incarceration, a condition of which he is particularly fond, it seems like a waste of money to hire an army of detectives to help "Weary Willy" to his wonted roost.

The Golden Rod Dance.

The Golden Rod dance at the armory Friday night concluded the summer series of dances given by the young men of Bellefonte. It proved to be by far one of the most delightful and successful social functions held in Bellefonte this season, or any other season for the matter of that. The armory interior was beautifully and appropriately decorated. Chappel's orchestra, which furnished the music, sustained their enviable reputation. The home attendance was unusually large and the large number of out-of-town guests bore witness to the popularity of Bellefonte dances.

The patronesses were Mrs. Isaac Mitchell, Mrs. E. R. Rogers, Mrs. A. O. Furst, Mrs. J. M. Dale, Mrs. H. R. Curtin, Mrs. M. C. Breeze, Mrs. T. K. Morris and Mrs. L. T. Munson. Among the guests from a distance were: Mr. and Mrs. Charles Morris, of Pittsburg; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Horne, of Yonkers, N. Y.; Mrs. Quigley, of Eagleville; Miss Roxy McMillan, of Dayton, Ohio; Mrs. H. S. Cooper, of Ithica, N. Y.; Mrs. Carl Seller and Miss Seiler, of Lewisburg; Mr. and Mrs. T. K. Morris, Miss Lida Morris, Miss Anderson, Miss Cass. of Tyrone; Messrs. Jas. Mathers, of Cleveland, O.; S. S. Davis, Clearfield, Max Hayes, Lock Haven, John M. Gates, M. R. Stevenson and H. L. Thomas, of Tyrone.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

A fatal accident occurred shortly before noon, Friday, at the lime quarries of McCalmont & Co., near town. Potter Iddings, who was employed as a brakeman in hauling stone from the quarries to the kilns while taking two loaded cars to the kilns, in some way which no one employed about the works seem able to explain, got his cars at such a high rate of speed that they shot past the bumper over the terminus of the tressle, down into the ash pit a distance of about 30 feet, turning completely over with the man underneath. He was instantly killed.

Potter Iddings was about 50 years of age, was a son of Reuben Iddings who lived about one mile west of Snow Shoe Intersection. He moved his family here last spring from Union township. He leaves a wife and three grown-up children.

Death of an Aged Lady.

Mrs. Ruth Sharp, widow of George Sharp, died Friday evening at 10 o'clock at the home of her son, James Sharp, at Coleville.

She was about seventy years of age, and one of the oldest residents of the place, a member of the Methodist church, an earnest, consistent Christian lady, well beloved by her neighbors and all who knew her. She leaves a family of eight children.

The funeral took place from her home at Coleville, Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. W. P. Shriner, of the Bellefonte M. E. church, officiating.

Unclaimed Letters.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for Sept. 10th, 1900:

Mittie Aikey, Sadie Brown, H. V. Cromwell, G. W. Grey, Lulu Hicks, Lizzie Hackenburg, Lottie Jackson, Maze Keller, Joel Markel, J. H. Miller, Ruth Nelson, Larry Osman, H. Rogers F. Royer, George Sager, Marie Shultz, Helen Stull, J. E. Spreng, Joe Saso, Emanuel Shope, G. W. Schreffer, Jessie Taylor, Sudie Yarnell.

FOREIGN LIST.

Joseph Kavaman, Buone Domanicic, Stamistao Petta, Donato Nicola.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

Off on a Driving Tour.

A merry party of young society folks of Bellefonte left Monday under the chaperonage of Miss Caroline Valentine on a riding tour of perhaps a weeks duration. The party included Miss Adeline Harris, Miss Nell Valentine, Miss Betty Breeze and her guest Miss King, of Syracuse, N. Y., Edmund and Fred Blanchard, Thomas Beaver and Edward Hoy. The equestrian tourists will travel through Penns Valley and Buffalo Valley to Lewisburg. The homeward journey may be by the way of Williamsport and Lock Haven. It was not decided when they left Bellefonte what route would be taken for the return trip.

Death of William S. Gray.

William S. Gray, a well known resident of Stormstown, who has been in declining health for a couple of years, and whose condition has been very serious for several weeks, died Monday evening at 8 o'clock. The deceased was a brother-in-law to I. V. Gray, of Philipsburg, with whom he was associated in the mercantile business at Stormstown. He was aged about 73 years, and leaves a wife and one son, Robert, at home. He has for years been a leading citizen of the county, and his death will be mourned by many friends.

Ninety Years Old.

Jonathan Boynton, of Clearfield, who for years was the president of the Philipsburg Banking Co., on Sunday celebrated his 90th birthday by spending the day with his daughter, Mrs. A. Patton, at Curwensville. He and his wife, who herself is 83 years of age, reside with their son, At Boynton, in Clearfield, contented and happy in the full retention of a clear intellect;

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

John P. Harris, Jr., transacted business Friday, at Tyrone.

William P. Humes, Esq., spent Friday night, at Altoona.

Rev. H. H. Stiles, of Altoona, was a Bellefonte visitor Friday.

Hon. A. O. Furst and wife, spent Friday with friends in Mill Hall

Miss Sara Malin left Friday for a visit with relatives in Chester County.

Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Bell, of Howard street, are visiting friends at Unionville.

Mrs. Elsie Chambers, of Beech Creek, was an arrival in town Saturday afternoon.

Superior Court Judge, James A. Beaver went to Pittsburg last Saturday on business.

Hon. William M. Allison, of Spring Mills, was a business visitor in Bellefonte Thursday.

Miss Belle Schaffer, of Nittany Hall, is visiting her friend Miss Catharine Orwig at Lewisburg.

Hon. John G. Love, wife and children, attended the Schenck reunion last Thursday at Howard.

Samuel Taylor, manager of Wilkinson's china hall, left Thursday for a week's visit to Cape May.

Mrs. John P. Harris, Jr., returned Friday from a very pleasant visit to her old home in Virginia.

Riley W. Allen, the well known Williamsport insurance man, was in Bellefonte Friday night.

Miss Louise Harper and her sister Maude returned on Friday from their visit to Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Montgomery and son, Gordon, are spending ten days rusticating at Hecla park.

Ex-Governor and Mrs. Daniel H. Hastings returned Thursday evening from a brief visit to Philadelphia.

Miss May E. Baldwin, of Lock Haven, has been elected teacher of the intermediate school at Beech Creek.

Thos. Shoemaker arrived in town Saturday, from Huntingdon county, to spend Sunday with his family.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris Yeager are rejoicing over the arrival of a little baby girl at their home in Crider's Exchange.

The engagement of Mr. Edward Quigley, of Blanchard, to Miss Sarah Good, of Lock Haven, has been announced.

Mrs. Anna Woodcock is again a welcome visitor in Bellefonte. She is stopping at the Curtin residence on west Curtin street.

Dr. A. F. Cary, of Philadelphia, spent last week visiting his friend Will McCalmont. They are classmates at the Medico-Chi college.

Henry J. Tibbens, who has been confined to his home on East Howard street for the past ten days with a troublesome sickness, is about again.

P. B. Crider, Isaac Miller and Charles Witmer, Sr., were a congenial party who left Thursday for Niagara Falls. They will tour Canada before returning home.

Col. James P. Coburn, president of the First National bank, accompanied by his wife, departed on the 2:15 train Saturday to spend Sunday at their old home at Aaronsburg.

Miss Lucetta Brew left Thursday for Toledo, Ohio, to be present at the wedding of her cousin, Miss Florence Brew, daughter of Constance Brew, which is to occur on the 26th inst.

Harry Weaver, son of J. C. Weaver, who has been employed in the Baldwin locomotive works in Philadelphia, came home Thursday evening. We understand he is to re-enter Princeton this year and finish his college course.

Miss Nannie Sheasley, of Philadelphia, returned to her home Thursday after a pleasant week's stay at the home of David Rothrock near Bellefonte. While here she attended the McCalmont-Martz wedding at State College.

Miss Henrietta Butts, who has been spending her vacation period at Atlantic City and Philadelphia, returned home Thursday evening and is back at her duties in the post-office where she will sell you thirteen stamps for a cent and a quarter, if you are good.

George Dorsey Green, M. D., a son of Dorsey Green, of Buffalo Run, has hung out his shingle at Lock Haven as a practicing physician. Dr. Green is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, and for a year past has been a physician in Mercy hospital, Pittsburg.

Jno. F. Devine, of Philadelphia, a prosperous wholesale merchant was a guest over Sunday of one of our best citizens, Isaac Thomas. This was Mr. Devine's first visit to our city and he is very favorably impressed and thinks Bellefonte people should be proud of their beautiful town and spring.

D. Bates Bell, who is well known here, having been a resident of Bellefonte back in the eighties, who at that time a young man was working for John Ardell Jr., and a trusted and faithful employee. Bates went from here to Pittsburg, that he might exercise his talents in a broad field, and those who ought to know, say, he has prospered, that he is making a great success of his life. He married a lady from DuBois, Clearfield Co., and last week he, his wife and children, returned from there to their home in Pittsburg, after a pleasant visit of some weeks.

J. K. Rider, of Gatesburg, is on a visit to Tyrone his former home.

C. M. Bower, Esq., was a business visitor in Lock Haven Monday.

Miss Louise Harper is visiting her friend Miss Mary Butts at Windber.

E. T. Emery, of Pittsburg, is the guest of Thomas Moore, of this place.

Miss Mame Hamilton is visiting her uncle, Thomas Hamilton, in Williamsport.

Sheriff and Mrs. Cyrus Brungart spent Sunday at Mrs. Brungart's old home at Tusseyville.

Conductor John Hall, of the C. R. R. of Pa., and his wife are enjoying a visit at Atlantic City.

Emil Joseph and Harry Holtz departed Saturday evening on a business trip to New York City.

Kathryn Irwin returned on Monday evening after an extended visit with friends in Altoona.

Mrs. Geo. VanDyke, and sister, Miss Bertha Noll left Bellefonte Tuesday afternoon for Ford City, Pa.

Col. James F. Weaver, of Milesburg, was a very pleasant caller at this office while in town Monday.

Messrs. William Hensyl and Logan McKinney, of Howard, were business visitors to Bellefonte on Monday.

Louis M. Larson, one of the clerical force at the Brockerhoff House, was a Lock Haven visitor Tuesday.

Mr. Joseph Wertz, of Lexington, Ky., is visiting his father-in-law, Mr. Abram Baum, of East Bishop street.

J. Harris Green has returned home from a pleasant visit with old friends and acquaintances in Philipsburg.

Mrs. T. K. Morris returned Monday, to her home at Tyrone, after a very enjoyable visit at her parents home in Bellefonte.

H. H. Meyer, Esq., returned Sunday evening, to his home at Bellwood, after a very pleasant visit with friends at Milesburg.

Mrs. J. W. Ott and her sister-in-law, Miss Sarah Ott, of this place, left Tuesday for Williamsport to attend the Lycoming county fair.

Messrs. John McMurray and Samuel Lafferty, of Altoona, spent Sunday and Monday in Bellefonte as the guests of Miss Kathryn Lieb.

Teddy and Tom Hamilton have concluded their vacation visit with their parents at this place and have returned to their work in New York City.

Miss Carrie Shirk, of Atlantic City, who formerly lived in Bellefonte is a guest at the home of Mrs. Margaret Hutchison, on East Howard street.

Miss Nellie Burns, of Howard, and her two lady friends, Miss Martha Baum, of Williamsport, and Miss Mary Flanagan, of Mill Hall, were guests in Bellefonte on Monday.

Mr. Ernest Joseph, a nephew of Emil and Sigmund Joseph, of this place, left Monday evening for his home in Strassburg, Germany, after a very pleasant visit in Bellefonte.

Miss Pennington and Misses Emma and Mabel Holmes, of State College, drove to Bellefonte and spent Monday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Tripple, on North Thomas street.

O. P. Maxwell, formerly chemist at the Empire Iron furnace at this place but now serving in a like capacity with a large furnace at Youngstown, Ohio, spent Sunday with friends in Bellefonte.

Mrs. A. Lebost, of New York City, arrived in Bellefonte Tuesday on a visit to her brother, Herman Holtz, of this place. Mrs. Lebost has been visiting friends in Chattanooga, Tenn. Grand Rapids, Mich., and Buffalo, N. Y.

Al Bechdel and Wm. R. Hopkins, two of Howards well known citizens, were pleasant callers at this office while in town Wednesday. The former is a candidate for the Republican nomination for Jury Commissioner.

Miss Vera Snook, whose home is in Bellefonte, but who has been one of Philipsburg's public school teachers for several years past, has accepted a position in the schools at Chatham, N. J. at an advanced salary and a longer term.

Samuel Lewin, the clothier, left Tuesday morning for Baltimore, Philadelphia, Atlantic City and New York. Mr. Lewin has been in ill health all summer and is taking this vacation hoping to regain his full health again. While visiting these cities he will also buy his fall and winter goods.

Jas. C. Derr, Bellefonte's hustling bill poster, started Tuesday on his trip over the county putting up the bills for the coming Centre County Fair, October 16-17-18-19. Jim is an expert at his business and the fact that he is doing the work is a sure guarantee that it will be done right.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. O. Lytle, of Port Matilda, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Lytle's brother, Samuel Bennett, 1517 Pennsylvania avenue. They are on a short wedding tour, having been married Sept. 5, at Port Matilda, by Rev. E. S. Latshaw. They are now on their way home, having spent a few days among friends in Altoona. The Calithumpian band made their appearance last Friday evening, but were dispersed by Mrs. Bennett with the hose throwing a fine stream of water.—Tyrone *Herald*.

ROYAL

The Absolutely Pure

BAKING-POWDER

is the baking powder of general use, its sale exceeding that of all other baking powders combined.

Royal Baking Powder has not its counterpart at home or abroad. Its qualities, which make the bread more healthful and the cake of finer appearance and flavor, are peculiar to itself and are not constituent in other leavening agents.

Great efforts are made to sell alum baking powders under the plea that they are so many cents a pound cheaper than Royal. The admission that they are cheaper made is an admission that they are inferior. But alum powders contain a corrosive poison and should not be used in food, no matter how cheap.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

A. G. Osmer, of this place, was in Tyrone Tuesday.

Judge John G. Love was a Tyrone visitor Tuesday night.

Dr. Walter J. Kurtz, of Howard, was a Bellefonte visitor Tuesday.

Miss Roxy McMillan, of Dayton, Ohio, is a guest at the Meek home on High St.

Mrs. Frank Cadwallader, of Ohio Pyle, Pa., is visiting her brother J. P. Smith on North Spring street.

Misses Edith Holtz and Grace Brosius attended the Kurtz-Hensyl wedding at Howard Wednesday.

Mrs. Robert Irwin, who has been quite ill at her North Spring street home, is we are glad to state somewhat better.

Harry Gentzel, of Pleasant Gap, left Tuesday for Altoona to resume his position as a clerk in a large furniture store.

Mrs. John N. Little, sister of Mrs. C. M. Garman, of this place, returned Tuesday to her home in West Hoboken, N. J., after a pleasant sojourn in Bellefonte.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following real estate transfers have been recorded during the past week by Recorder N. E. Robb:

Tyrone Mining and Manufacturing Company to Samuel Rudy dated May 3, 1900. 77 perches in Ferguson twp Consideration $50.00.

P. Kelchline et ux to John Shiffer dated June 2, 1859. Lot in Ferguson twp. Consideration $100,00.

Daniel K. Geiss et ux to D. W. Geiss dated Sept. 5, 1900. Lot in Centre Hall borough. Consideration $1.000.

D. W. Geiss to Sarah C. Geiss dated Sept. 5, 1900. Lot in Centre Hall borough. Consideration $1.000.

Margarette Maher to Michael Fahey dated March 6, 1900. ½ acre in Snow Shoe twp. Consideration $1.00.

Robert Whitehill's heirs to D. E. Hepler dated August 10, 1900. 5 acres 72 perches in College twp. Consideration $1400.00.

Tyrone Mining and Manufacturing Company to Jacob Harpster dated May 3, 1900. 25 acres in Ferguson twp. Consideration $230.63.

In Cupid's Net.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Registrar A. G. Archey.

Harry H. Young and Flora E. Fry both of Bellefonte.

William S. Richards and Martha F. Wagner both of Martha.

William F. Fryer and Bessie M. Rote both of Coburn.

Steve Olay and Lizzie Lengal both of Clarence, Pa.

Jerome H. Auman and Anna Bradford both of Centre Hall.

Daniel DeHass and Emeline Houdeshell both of Roland, Pa.

Frank Gross, of State College and Lillie Way, of Lovevillie.

John L. Burkett and Olive B. Mattern both of Stormstown.

Nelson W. Williams and Minnie E. Houtz both of Lemont.

Walter J. Kurtz and Annie I. Hensyl both of Howard, Pa.

Cochran Declines.

Williamsport, Sept. 12.—The Democratic conference of the 16th congressional district met here Tuesday and tendered the nomination to State Senator, J. Henry Cochran, of this city. Mr. Cochran refused to accept the nomination for congress and the conference adjourned to meet here again next Tuesday.

Program for Grange Encampment.

The arrangements for the 27th Annual Encampment and Exhibition of the Patrons of Husbandry are the most complete ever made.

The Encampment will open Saturday, the 15th of September. The Exhibition Monday, the 17th. Special trains and a one-fare excursion railroad rate.

SUNDAY, 16.

At 2 p. m. Rev. Schuyler, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Centre Hall, will preach the anniversay and Harvest Home sermon in the auditorium.

MONDAY, 17.

Opening of the Exhibition; 7:30 p. m. grand opening entertainment of the Williamsport Operatic Company.

TUESDAY, 18.

At 2 p. m., opening ceremony by the Centre County Pomona Grange, conducted by Geo. Dale, Master. Addresses will be delivered by Col. James Weaver, I. S. Frain and others. 7:30 p. m., entertainment by the Williamsport Operatic Co.

WEDNESDAY, 19.

At 10 a. m. a meeting of delegations from all the Subordinate Granges of the county will be held in the auditorium, to which all Patrons are cordially invited. Worthy Overseer G. L. Ebbs, of Half Moon, will conduct the meeting. At 2 p. m., addresses by Hon. W. F. Hill, of Crawford county, Master of the State Grange, and Hon. Jerome J. Aliman, of Juniata, Secretary of the State Grange. 7:30 p. m. Theatrical entertainment by the Williamsport Company.

THURSDAY, 20.

10 a. m. addresses in the auditorium by W. R. Packard, of Bradford, lecturer of the State Grange; and Mrs. Helen Johnson, of Erie. 1:30 p. m., joint public meeting of the Pure Butter Protective Association and the State Grange. Addresses will be delivered by Hon. W. T. Creasy and Hon. Luther Kauffman, attorney for the *North American* and Butter Protective Association, who will expose the oleo fraud. You cannot afford to miss this meeting. 7:30 p. m., a grand theatrical entertainment.

FRIDAY, 21.

2 p. m., closing ceremony, conducted by Col. Jas. Weaver; addresses by D. C. Kennedy, of Erie, and others. 7:30 p. m., the last theatrical entertainment, which everybody should see.

ADDITIONAL SPEAKERS.

There will also be present additional speakers who have signified their intention to be with us, besides we have the assurance of a number of young people that they will take part in the program.

The committee of the Grange has been untiring in its efforts to provide every comfort to make the stay of those attending the encampment pleasant and instructive, and their efforts, no doubt, will be rewarded with a liberal public patronage.

Grangers' Picnic, Centre Hall, Pa.

For the 27th annual Picnic and Exhibition of the Patrons of Husbandry, at Grange Park, Centre Hall, Pa., September 15 to 21, 1900, the Pennsylvania Railroad company will sell excursion tickets to Centre Hall and return, September 15, 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21, good to return until September 22, 1900, inclusive, at single fare for the round trip, no rate less than 25 cents.

Special trains will be run September 18, 19 and 20 to and from Centre Hall, from points on Lewisburg and Tyrone R. R.